PARACELSUS

Of the

Supreme Mysteries

OF

NATURE.

of The Spirits of the Planets. Occult Philosophy.

The Magical, Sympathetical, and Antipathetical C u R E of Wounds and Diseases.

The Mysteries of the twelve SIGNS of the Zodi-

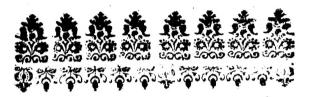
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Derombor:5.

Englished by R. Turner,

Φιλομαθής.

London, Printed by J. C. for N. Brook and J. Harison; and are to be sold at their shops at the Angel in Cornhil, and the boly Lamb neer the East end of Pauls. 1655. 1655.



To the worthily respected, and his much honoured briend,

Doctor Trigge, Doctor in PHYSICK;

Robert Turner wisheth health and hat pinets.

Honopred Sir,



He successful experi-ence and large pra-tice which you have had in the Operations

of Nature, (I mean in the pra-Hical part of Physick) bath invited me to present this piece of that

The Epistle

that most renowned Physitian Paracelfus to your Patronage; which I have endeavoured to bring into a garbe suitable, as neer as I can, to our English fashion; though perhaps it's not so finely accourred, and dressed A la mode, as to suit with every critical or captious Fancy: But as this Author in his time was too learned and sincere in the method of his practice, to suit with general Sophistry of the wilfully ignorant Conclave of Physitians; so I doubt not, but you have met with some Investives amongst our common Collegians, who ground the greatest reason

Dedicatory.

of their Recipes from a Galen's or a Pliny's Probatum: But as this famous Author made Reason and Experience his greatest Guide, so I am assured you do: and therefore valued not the Calumnies, Oppositions, and Obtrectations of his Adversaries. Sir, this little Treatife presents you with the rare secrets of Alchymy, and the miraculous Cures of Diseases by Sigils and Lamens, made in their proper seasons, and attributed to the nature of Celestial Bodies; which to many Ignorants seems impossible, and is by them vilified because not understood: I therefore

The Epistle

fore make bold to crave your protection, which may sufficiently arm it against all Opposites. And be pleased to pardon my boldness herein, and admit of this my labour into your Patronage; that your favourable acceptance hereof may be a future encouragement to

August 20.

Yours to Command,

R. Turner.

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To the READER.

Courtéous Reader, N this last Iron age, ignorance hath so wuch prevailed that many have and yet do plead for it, and streve to uphold it, crying down all Arts, and endeavouring to hood-wink knowledge; so that nothing but the feces and dreggs of Art seems to remain: so that they seem but shadows, if compared with that pristine learning of the Ancients. What golden Togends formerly flourished among the Hebrews, and A mptians, and are now even almost all lost in Oblivion? But because Babels confusion is one great resson of the decay of Sciences, which are not in every. Mothertongue understood, and the disposition of most people of our times is to breed their children up betser jed then taught their conditions are rather to pour inco the earth, Unde effodiuntur opes irritamenta mas lorum, then to look Heavenwards with that C. Siblime wherewith they were created swhich the Post · Ovid mer.

tells of, Ovid met.

Os homini fublime dean codumque viden juf-

Whereas all beaffs look down with Groveling eye, To man God gave looks mixt with?daft ag, And will'd him with bold face to view the Sky,

A 4

To the Reader.

And therefore I present the ingenious Reader with a part of the Workes of the renowned Paracelfus of the secrets of Alchymy, Occult Philosophy, and the wonderfull operation of the Celestial bodyes, in curing diseases by sigils and characters, made and applyed in fit elected times and seasons, and under their proper constellations, as the Author hath directed. I must expect the sortish Malignant censures of Zoylus and Momus, and such fools: but the Author himfelf in his Prologue in the ensuing discourse, sufficiently cleares all objections, and therefore I shall save that labour; onely I would have such men not be so wilfully ignorant, as altogether to forget, that the Heavens declare the glory of Goa, and the Frmament heweth bis handy-worke. Indeed Michanicks and Empiricks do abuse all Arts: One Mountebank rasles in verse against Astrology, and impudently calls the professors thereof cheaters, (Sed seipsum intueri oportet) and gives this to be his onely reason, that a fools bolt is fron shot; and that he endeavoured to vil fie that Art, because he was altogether ignorant of it himself, and would gladly learn it; but he knew not how nor which way to begin: another (and too many such render the Art vile) Poetizes upon the Art of Astrologie, and pretends to cure all diseases and know all things by it, and indeed knows nothing: such are a great Scandal to the excellency of such Sciences: Sed non loquor stultis. This translation is rendered rather Gramm stically then Sententially, according to the Authors own phrase: shortly expect (Den volence) the other parts neres, and some comments on this and them, together with the famous art of Steganography, Authore Tritemio, to speak our

To the Reader.

own Language; and perhaps the Occult Philosophy of Agrippa digested into a plainer method: this should have been now inlarged, but presens Status noster is the reason, and the excuse the same as Ovid's:

Nubila sunt subitis tempora nostra malis. It is the General opinion of most ignorant peoples to count all things that are above their Vulgar apprehensions, to be diabolicall, and meerly brought to pass by the works of the Devil: and under that notion they conclude all the secret and Magnetick operations of nature, and thereby rob God the creator of all things, of that glory that is due unto him onely, and at ribute the same to the Devil the enemy to God and all the world: I shall therefore here take occasion to tell such people (because their Priests, that should teach them knowledge, either cannot or else will not) what the Devilus. As in the Microcosmus or little world Man. the Soul as the best part, and the excrements the worst: so in the great world, as the Universal creating spirit is the best part, so is the Devil the excrement of that Universal Spirit, and the abject and Caput mortuum of the world; and the poorest and most wretched of all created beings: And that worketh a great Articathy between him and us, and the bleffed holy Angels, who are our Governors and Protectors, and continual guardians, and are continually employed about us, according to their orders and ministeries appointed them by the most High: although the Devil alwayes endeavoureth to imitate and counterfeit the good Angel;, and thereby deceiveth many whose wickedness and malice suits with his rature, and at which the good Angel being grieved, leaves them; and many times for the wick dness of some Person or Family, the

good.

OW S

To the Reader.

good Angel curses such a person and family, or house; then the wicked Spirit haunts such houses, affrighting the people with many scarful apparitions; reither can that house be quiet, nor any fuch person; neither shall any of the Generation of any such family prosper until that curse be expiated, and the angry Angel appeased; as this Author will tell you, and woful experience daily shews: how frequently, and familiarly did those blessed Angels visibly communicate with the holy men and Maricians of old! thourh now such is the wickedness of our age, that they have almost quite for saken us: although they are alwayes present about us, though mvisible, administring to us according to the orders given unto them from the second Hierarchy, who receive the same from the first Hierarchy, who always attend before the Throne of the divine Majesty, offering up the prayers of the Saints, &c. If any one account this superstition, I hope I shall never be of the Number of those who for fear of being superstitions, have reformed themselves and hunted Religion till they have lost the sent of it, into meer atheism and profuness. But lest I should digresse Ultra Crepidam, and make a gate bigger then the City, I will here conclude my felf, Effe idem qui fum,

A Studio Divina Concemplationis, Robertus Turner. August, 1655.



In Commendation of his Friend's Translation.

Thrice-welcomeParacelius, most renown'd
Hermetick and Philosopher by sire,
Now in an English garb thou comest crown'd,
What need we for our Chymistry soar higher?
Since thou reveal'st with thy Prophetick Pen,
All's needful to be known by th' Sons of Men.
And thou, my noble Friend, who thus hast drest
Him in our English Fashion, dost deserve,
Web Laurel to be crowned with the rest
Of those who dayly do Utania serve. (fret,
Let wry-mouthed Cynicks, prate, preach, soam, and
Hermes true Sons will not thy love forget.
Fare ever well, so ever wishes he
Who is more yours, then he can seem to be.

W. F.
Astrophilus.



An Encomium upon his Friend the Translator's elaborate pains.

Ly Galen hence, Hippocrates be gone;
I will preserve my choice: this is that One,
Whose true Elixir doth preserve the frame
Of Man's frail Nature, vivisies the same;
By heavenly constellated Medicine,
Which vulgars count but Dross, I count Divine.
Let Zoil's and Momus's intoxicated brains
Dispraise the Author's works; Translator's pains
I'll foster, cherish with undaunted part
This true sublime Spagyrick noble Art.
Proceed then, Friend, make all speak English: why
Should we be barr'd our Native Liberty?

W. Ryves,

Philomedicus.

The

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To be fold by N. Brook at the Angel in Cornhil,
A Romance called The Imperious Brother,
and The Illustrious Shepherdess.
Wit and Drollery: with other Jovial
Poems.



The Prologue.



Aving first invocated the Name of the Lord Jesus Christ our Saviour, we will enterprize this Work; wherein we shall not only reach how to change any inferiour Metal into bet-

ter, as Iron into Copper, this into Silver, and that into Gold, &c. but also to help all infirmities, whose cure to the opinion ated and presumptuous Physitians, doth seem impossible: But that which is greater, to preserve, and keep mortal men to a long, sound, and perfect Age. This ART was by our Lord God the Supream Creator, ingraven as it were in a book in the body of Metals, from the beginning of the Creation, that we might diligently learn from them. Therefore when any

The Prologue.

man defireth throughly and perfectly to learn this Art from its true foundation, it will be necessary that he learn the same from the Master thereof, to wit, from God, who hath created all things, and onely knoweth what Nature and Propriety he himself hath placed in every Crea-Wherefore he isable to teach every one certainly and perfectly: and from him we may learn absolutely, as he hath spoken, saying, of me ye shall learn all things: for there is nothing found in Heaven nor in Earth so secret, whose properties he perceiveth not, and most exactly knoweth and feeth, who hath created all things. We will therefore take him to be our Master, Operator, and Leader into this most true Art. We will therefore imitate him alone, and through him learn and attain to the knowledge of that Nature, which he himfelf with his own finger hath engraven and inscribed in the bodies of these Metals. Hereby it will come to pais, that the most high Lord God shall bless all the Creatures unto ús, and shall sanctifie all our Wayes; so that in this Work we may be able to bring our Beginning to its desired End, and the Consequence thereof

The Prologue.

to produce exceeding great Joy and Love in our Hearts.

But if any one shall follow his own onely Opinion, he will not onely greatly deceive himself; but also all others who cleave and adhere thereunto; and shall For mankinde is bring them unto loss. certainly born in ignorance, so that he can neither know nor understand any thing of himself; but onely that which he receiveth from God, and understandeth from Nature. He which learneth nothing from these, is like the Heathen Masters and Philosophers, who follow the Subtilties and Crafts of their own Inventions and Opinions, fuch as are Aristotle, Hippocrates, Avicenna, Gallen, &c. who grounded all their ARTS upon their own Opinions onely. And if at any time they learned any thing from Nature, they destroyed it as gain with their own Phantafies, Dreams, or Inventions, before they came to the end thereof; so that by them and their Followers there is nothing perfect at all to be found:

This therefore hath moved and induced us hereunto, to write a peculiar book of Alchymy, founded not upon men, but

B 2 upon

The Prologue.

upon Nature it self, and upon those Vertues and Powers, which GOD with his own Finger hath impressed in Metals. Of this impression Mercurius Trismegistus was an Imitator, who is not undefervedly called the Father of all Wise-men, and of all those that followed this ART with love, and with earnest desire, and that man demonstrateth and teacheth, that God alone is the onely author, cause and Original of all creatures in this ART. But he doth not attribute the power and virtue of God, to the creatures or visible things, as the faid heathen, and fuch-like did. Now feeing all A R T ought to be learned from the Trinity; that is, from God the Father, from God the Son of God, our Saviour Jesus Christ, and from God the holy Ghost, three distinct persons, but one God: We will therefore divide this our Alchymistical worke into three parts, or Treatifes: in the first whereof, we will lay down what the ART containeth in it felf; And what is the propriety and nature of every Metal: Secondly, by what means a man may worke and bring the like powers and strength of Metals to effect. And thirdly, what Tin aures are to be produced from the Sun and Moone.



Paracellus 1 4 1

Of the Secrets of ALCHYMY; Discovered, in the Nature of the PLANETS.

CHAP. I.

Of simple Fire.



N the first place, we shall endeavour and undertake to declare, what this Art comprehendeth, and what is the subject thereof; and what are its proprieties.

The prime and chief fubject to this Art belonging, is fire; which always

liveth in one and the same propriety and o-B 3 pera-

Paracellus of the

peration; neither can it receive life from any thing else. Wherefore it hath a condition and power, as all fires that lie hid in secret things, have of vivification, no otherwise then the Sun is appointed of God, which heateth all the things of the world, both secret, apparent & manifest; as the Spheres of Mars, Saturn Yenus, Jupiter, Mercury, and Luna, which can give no other light but what they borrow from the Sun, for they are dead of themselves. Nevertheless, when they are kindled, as above is spoken, they worke and operate according to their properties. But the Sun himself receiveth his light from no other but from God himself, who ruleth him by himself, so that he burneth and shineth in him. It is no otherwise in this art. The fire in the furnace is compared to the Sun, which heateth the furnace and the veffels, as the Sun in the great world; for even as nothing can be brought forth in the world without the Sun, so likewise in this Art nothing can be produced without this Simple fire; no operation can be made without it: it is the greatest secret of this Art; comprehending all things which are comprehended therein, neither can it be comprehended in any else; for it abideth by it self: it lacketh nothing; but other things which want that, do injoy it, and have life from it; wherefore we have in the first place undertooke to declare it.

Chap.

Secrets of Alchymy.

CHAP.II.

Of the multiplicity of fire, from which varieties of Metalls do arife.

ME have first written of simple fire which liveth and subsistest of it self: now we come to speake of a manifold spirit or fire, which is the cause of variety and diversity of creatures, so that there cannot one be found right like another, and the same in every part; as it may be seen in Metals, of which there is none which hath another like it felf: the Sun produceth his gold; the Moon produceth another Metal far different, to wit, filver; Mars another, that is to fay, Iron; Jupiter produceth another kind of Metal, to wit, Tin; Venus another, which is Copper; and Saturn another kind, that is to say, Lead: so that they are all unlike, and several one from another: the same appeareth to be as well amongst men as all other creatures, the cause whereof is the multiplicity of fire. As by some heat is produced a mean generation by the corruption thereof; the washing of the Sea another, Ashes another, Sand another, Flame of fire another, and another of Coales, &c. This variety of creatures is not made of the first simple fire, but of the regiment of elements, which is various; not from the Sun, but from the course of the seven Planets. And this is the reason that the

world containeth nothing of similitude in its individuals: for as the heat is altered and changed every hour and minute; so also all other things are varyed: for the transmutation of the fire is made in the elements, in which bodies it is imprinted by this fire. Where there is no great mixture of the elements, the Sun bringeth forth; where it is a little more thicke, the Moon; where more gross, Venus: and thus according to the diversity of mixtures, are produced divers Metals; so that no Metal appeareth in the same mine like another. It is therefore to be known, that this variety of Metals is made of the mixture of the Elements, because that their spirits are alfo found divers and without similicude; which if they were brought forth from the simple fire, they would be so like, that one could not be known from another: but the manifold variety of forms interceding, hath introduced the same among the creatures. From this it may easily be gathered, why so many and so various forms of Metals are found, and wherefore there is none like unto another.

CHAP. III.

Of the spirit or tincture of O.

or Merals. The spirits of the Planets or Merals. The spirit or tincture of the Sun taketh its beginning from a pure, subtil, and perfect fire; whereby it comesh to pass, that it far excelleth

celleth all other spirits and tinctures of Metals: for it remaineth constantly fixed in the fire, out of which it flyeth not; neither is it confumed thereby, much less burnt, but rather appeareth more cleere, faire and pure by it; also no heat nor cold can hurt it, nor no other accident, as in the other spirits or tinctures of Metals: and for this cause, the body which it once putteth on, it defendeth from all accidents and diseases. that it may be able to sustain the fire without detriment. This body hath nor this power and virtue in it telf, but from the spirit of the Sun which is included therein: for we know that the Sun is the body of Mercury, and that this body cannot fustain nor suffer this fire, but flyeth from it; when as it doth not fly from the fire when it is in the Sun, but remaineth constant and fixed therein. This affordeth unto us a most certain Judgement, that it receiveth such a constancy from his spirit or tincture: wherefore if that spirit can be in this Mercury, every one may judge that it may worke the same in the bodies of men, when it is received of them; as we have sufficiently spoken in our Magna Chirurgia, of the tincture of the Sun, that it will not onely restore and preserve them that use it, from rinfirmities, but also preserve them to sound and long life. In like manner, the strength & virtues of all other Metals are to be known from true experience, not from the wildom of men and of the world, which is foolishness with God & his truth; and all those who do build upon that wildom, and repose their hope thereupon are miserably deceived.

CHAP. IV.

Of the tincture and Spirit of the D.

Aving now spoken of the tincture of the Sun, it remaineth that we come now to speak of the tineture of the Moon, and of the white tincture, which is also created of a perfest spirit, but less perfect then the spirit of the Sun. Nevertheless it excelleth the tinctures of all other Metals following, both in purity & subtilty; which is very well known to all that treat of the Moon, and also to Rusticks: for it suffereth not rust, neitheir is it confumed by the fire; as all other Metals, as Saturn, which fly from the fire; but this doth not: from whence it may be gathered, that this tincture is far more excellent then the other following, for it preserveth its body that it assumeth constantly in the fire, without any accident or detriment: and from hence it is sufficiently manifest, if this in his own corruptible body by himself maketh Mercury, what will it be able to effect, being extracted from it felf into another body? will not that also save and defend from infirmities and accidents after the same manner? Yes furely, if it make this Mercury in its own body, it will do the same in the bodies of men: neither doth it onely preserve health, but causeth long life and cureth diseases and infirmities, even in those who subsist beyond the ordinary course of nature: for the more high, subtile and persect the medicine is, so much the better and more perfectly it cureth; wherefore they are Ignorant Physitians, who practice their Art onely upon vegetables, as herbs and such-like things, which are easily corrupted: and by these, they endeaour to effect & bring to pais such workes as are firme and stable; but in vain, whenas they occupy the Aire. But wherefore should we speake much concerning these? They never learned any better things in their Univerfities: therefore if they have been compelled to to learn and study from their beginning, they think it a great disgrace to them to do otherwise for the future: whereby it comes to pass, that they still continue in their old Ignorance.

CHAP. V.

Of the spirit of 9.

WE have even now made mention of a white fpirit, or candid tincture: now we come to speake of a Red spirit, which is derived out of a Gross Elementary mixture of the superiours, to which also it is joyned, as is of a more perfect substance, then the spirits and tinctures of the other subsequent Metals, because it endureth the fire longer then the other, and is not so soon melted or dissolved as the other spirits which follow. Also the ayre, and the humidity of the fire, are

Secrets of Alchymy.

Paracellus of the

not so nocent unto it, as unto Mars; by reason whereof, it doth the longer endure the fire. This power and property hath Venus, that is his body, from the spirit that is insused into it. Now the tame effect that it worketh in its own body, that is, in Venus, the same effects it also producth in the bodies of men, so far forth as nature hath granted unto it; for it preserveth wounds in such manner, fo that no accident can invade them, nor the Air or water hurt them; and expelleth all fuch diseases as are under the degree thereof. This spirit also breaketh the bodies of Metals, so that they will endure the hammer; and also in the bodies of men, when it is taken of them with whom it agreeth not, it effecteth things not convenient. Wherefore it is very necessary, that the Physician that desires to make use of these spirits, be very expert in the knowledge of Metals. Therefore it is far better to use the more persect spirits, which may be taken without any such feare of danger: nevertheleis, seeing the spirits of the Sun and Moon are dear and precious, so that every one is not able to accomplish them, to perform cures with, therefore every one must take according to his ability, what he is able to attain unto: also every one is not so wealthy, that he can be able to prepare these medicines; therefore he is forced to take such as he can have. Every one may from hence easily gather, that the Metallike medicines do far exceed vegetables and Animals in strength and power of curing and healing. And thus much of the spirit of Venus.

Of the Spirit of 3.

CHAP. VI.

Hat we may now come to speake of the Spirit of Mars, that is of a more Gross and combustible mixture of Elements, then the other spirits going before; but the Spirit of Mars is endued with a greater hardness then the other Metals; so that it doth not so easily melt and dissolve in the fire, as the other following. But it suffers much hurt both by the water and the Aire, fo that it is consumed by them, and is burnt with the fire, as experience makes appeare: Wherefore the Spirit thereof is more imperfect then any of the superious spirits sbut in hardness and dryness ir exceedeth all other Metals, both superiour and inferiour: for it doth not onely retain a perfect substance, and resist the hammer, as the Sun and Moon, but also as those which are within it self, as Jupiter, and Saturn, and the like. Whereas therefore it thus worketh in Metals, it sheweth that it hath the same effect in the bodies of men, that is it produceth reluctancy; especially where it is taken for a disease not convenient, it grievously afflicteth the members with pain. Nevertheless, when it is taken and applyed for wounds, such as do not exceed its own degree, it cleanseth and mundifieth them, &c. Wherefore this spirit is not much less in power and virtue then one of the superiours, in those things for which it was by God and Nature ordained, Chap:

Chap.

10

CHAP. VII.

Of the Spirit of 4.

F the spirit of Jupiter, we are to know, that it is derived of a white and pale substance of fire; but it is of a frangible and brittle nature, not enduring the hammer, to as Mars: wherefore it is a brittle Metal: an example thereof appears, if it be mixed with the Moon, it can hardly be wrought to its first malleation, without great labour: the same effect it hath in all other Metals. except in Saturn onely. And the same operation which it hath in the bodies of metals, it also produceth the same effects in humane bodies; bur burneth & corrodeth the members, hindring them from their own perfect operations, thereby difabling them form performing the workwhich nature requires, & necessitates them unto. Nevertheless, this spirit hath in it this virture, that it taketh away the ulcers of cancers, fiftula's and such like, especially such as exceed nor, the degree of its nature which God and Nature have given unto it.

Chap.

CHAP. VIII.

Of the Spirit of h.

He Spirit of Saturn is formed and created of a dry, cold and blacke mixture of the Elements; whereby it comes to pass, that amongst all other Metals, it endureth least in the fire: Whereas the Sun and Moon are proved to be durable : if Saturn be added to them, it clearly refineth them; nevertheless the nature thereof is to diminish their hardness. The same operation it hath in the bodies of men, but with great pain and dolour, as Jupiter and Mars, by reason of the mixture that it hath with the cold, wherefore it cannot so mildly operate. But it hath great power and vertue in the cures of fillula's, cancers and ulcers, which are under the degree and nature thereof: it expelleth outward dileases, and the outward impurities of the Moon. Nevertheless if it be not carefully applyed, it doth more hure then good; wherefore he that would rightly use it, ought necessarily to know the nature thereof, and what diseases it cureth, and may be applyed unto: which being necessarily considered, no hurt will follow thereby.

Chap.

CHAP. IX.

Of the Gross Spirit of \$.

He Spirit of Mercury, which is onely subjected to the other superiour Spirits, hath no certain determinate form or substance in it self: hereby it comes to pass that it admitteth every other Metal: even as wax receiveth the impression of all forms of Seales, so this Elementary Spirit cometh to be compared to the other Spirits of Metals: for if it receive into it self the Spirit of the Sun, this shall be made our of it self; if the Moon, she is made out of it self: the same effect this Spirit workerh with all the other Metals with whom itagreeth, and receiveth their properties into it felf; for this caule, according to its body, it is appropriated to the other Spirits above written, even as the Male to the Female: for the Sun is the body of Mercary, except onely that the Sun fastneth and fixeth the Mercury; but the common Mercury is inconstant and volatile: nevertheless it is subject to all the Spirits aforesaid, and generateth again, not onely the metallicke Spirits and tinetures afore spoken of, but the Meral it self, by which the aforenamed tinctures do come into their operation: But if the mean be not observed, it will be inpossible ever to bring those kind of tinctures to perfection: for if the fire be too high which fhould

should vivisie this tincture, it doth extinguish it, that it cannot operate; and the same effect is, if it be too weake: wherefore in this place it is necessary to be known what medium is to be observed in this Art, and what are the strength and properties thereof; and also after what manner it is to be ordered, and how the tinctures are to be coloured, and to bring them to a persect worke, that they may germinate and appeare. Thus briefly do we conclude and end our first Treatise.

The end of the first Treatise.

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The second Treatise; of the Philosophers
Mercury, and the medium of Tinctures.

In the first Treatise we have written of the Spirits and Tinctures of Metals, &c. Declaring all their properties and natures, and what every Metal generateth. In this second, we shall treat of the medium of Tinctures, that is, of the Philosophers Metcury; whereby are made the Tinctures and Leaven of Metals, in seven Chapters following.

CHAP.I.

Of what the Tinetures and Leavens are made.

Hosoever desireth to have the tineture of Metals, he ought to take the Philosophers Mercury, & let him cast the same into its ownend, that is, into quick Mercury, from whence it proceedeth; & hereby it wil come to pass, that the Philosophers Mercury shall be dissolved in the quick Mercury, and shall receive its strength: so that the Mercury of the Philosophers killeth the quick Mercury, & maketh it remain fixed in the fire of the same existence with it self: for there is the like concordancy between these Mercuries, as is between Male and Female,

man and wife; for they are both derived of the grois spirits of metals, except that the body of Sol remaineth firm & fixed in the fire: but the quicke Mercury is not fixed; nevertheless they may be appropriated one to another, as graine of corn or leed are to the earth; which we will demon-Arate by an example, after this manner: If any one lowe barley, the same he shall reape: if Wheat or Rye, or any other grain, the same he shall gather, &c. even so it is in this art; if any one fowe the Gold of Sol, the same he reapeth; & of the Moon, he shall gather; and so also of all other Metals. For this reason we say in this place, that the Tinstures do spring out of Mettals, that is, out of the Philolophers Mercury, and not from the quicke Mercury; but this produceth the Seed which first conceiveth.

CHAP. II.

Of the Conjunction of Male and Female, of man and woman.

IT is first of all necessary to be known, that the Mercury of the Philosophers, and the quicke Mercury, are both to be conjoyned and firmly united and fixed together; how much there-of is to be taken: neither more nor less then equal, is to be taken, lest it hindrest, or altogether destroyeth the whole worke; For the seed is suffocated with superfluity, that it cannot live so long until it be joyned and fixed to the

Philosophers Mercury. But if there be too little, that it cannot be dissolved into a body, it is also destroyed, that it cannot be able to bring forth any fruit: wherefore the Artificer ought certainly to know how much of the one, and the other ought to be taken, if he would bring this worke to its perfect end; the Receipt thereof is this: Take one part to two, or three to four, and thou can't not erre, but shalt attain to thy desired end.

CHAP. III.

Of the form of the Instruments of Glass.

THe Materials being thus rightly and duly prepared and mixt together, then you mult have Glais-vessels, of due proportion, and even firness and capacity; neither too great nor too little, but fit: For if the veffels be too big, the Female, that is, the flegme, is dispersed and lost; whereby it comes to pass that the seed cannot bring forth: where the veffels are too little, the growth is suffocated that it cannot come to fruit, no otherwise but as if seed should be sowne under trees or under thornes, so that it cannot bud and spring up, but perisheth without any fruit; therefore no little error may happen by the vessels; which being once committed, cannot be any more mended in the same worke: neither can that worke be perfected or brought to

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any good end. Wherefore, note what follows.

to wit, that you take three ounces with the half, and four pounds; so the proceeding is right, and you shall preserve the matter that it be not dispersed, nor the Phlegme nor the generation impedited, &c.

CHAP. IV.

Of the properties of the fire.

17/Hen you have placed the matter in fit vesfels, you shall carefully keep and maintain the natural heat, that the externall heat do not overcome or abound over the internal; for if the hear be too much, there can be no conjunction made, by reason that the matter is dispersed and burnt by the vehemency of the heat, so that no good arifeth thereby. Wherefore the middle region of the air is by nature ordained between heaven and earth; otherwise the Sun and Stars would burn up all the creatures upon the earth, so that nothing could be produced or spring forth from it: therefore so work, that you put such an Airy part or distance between the matter and the fire; after this manner let it be done, that the heat may not easily do hurt any wayes, nor disperse the matter, much - less burn it: but if the fire be too little, and not quick enough, the Spirit then resteth, the fire nothing operating upon its humidity; neither will it be exfictated nor fixed:

for the Spirits of Metals are dead of themselves, and do rest, so that they cannot at all operate of themselves, unless they are quickned by the sire. It is no otherwise in the great Universe of the world, where seed being cast into the earth, is dead, and cannot grow nor increase of it self, unless it be quickned by the heat of the Sun; It is chiefly necessary therefore in this worke, to erect and build the sire right and proportionably, neither too great nor too little; otherwise this worke will never be brought to a perfect and desired end.

CHAP. V.

Of the Signes appearing in the union of Conjunction.

The fire being moderately kept & maintained, the matter by little and little will be moved to blackness; afterwards, when the dryness begins to worke upon the humidity, there will likewise arise in the Glass, various slowers of divers colours, such as appeare like the taile of a Peacocke, and such as no man ever saw before. Also somtimes the Glass appeareth as if it were almost drawn into Gold; which being perceived, it sheweth certainly that the seed of the Male doth rule and operate upon the seed of the Female, and that the same is fixed together; that is, this Mercury is fixed and worketh upon the quick Mercury, and beginneth to be mixed with

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it: afterwards, when the humidity begins to weare away by the dryneis, those colours do disperse, and the matter then beginneth at length to wax white, and so proceedeth until it come to the highest degree of whiteness. But especially in is to be noted, that the thing is not to be hallened, according to their opinions who suppose such work to be like unto that which is discerned in the production of corn, and of mankind; to wir, the time of bringing forth the one, is in the Space of nine moneths; the other, ten or twelve moneths. For so soon the Sun and Moon do cause Maturity, and bring to the birth, as the infant from the belly of his Mother; so the grain from the bowells of the earth. For it is to be known, that every thing that is quickly or halfily made or born, doth foon perish: An example hereof, both men & herbs do afford. They which are soonest produced or born, their life is short: it is not so with the Sun and Moon; for they cause a far more perfect nature in men; whereby it comes to pass, that they produce long life to them, and preserve them from many accidents and diseafes.

CHAP. VI.

Of the knowledge of the perfect Tincture

IN the foregoing chapter, we have fet forth how the matter it felf worketh by degrees: but in

this, we shall declare, by what means it may be known when it is perfect. Thus do: take the white stone of the Moon, by which the white springeth, and separate a little peece from it with a paire of Scissars, and put it upon a plate of Copper, heating it glowing hot in the fire: if it smoke, then the stone is not perfect, therefore it must remain longer in the decoction, until the stone come to its degree of perfection; but if it do not smoke, then be affured it is perfect: the same is to be done with the Redstone of the Sun, in the degrees of the operation thereof.

CHAP. VII. To Augment or Multiply the Tinstures.

When you would Multiply or increase the Tincture you have found, mixt it together again with common Mercury, and worke it in all things as at first, and double one part a hundred times more then it was coloured before; this do often-times over again, until you have as much matter as you will: and by how much the longer it remaineth in the fire, by so much the higher and more sublime will the degrees thereof be; so that one part thereof will change the infinity of the quick Mercury, into the best and most perfect Luna and Sol. Now you have the whole progression from the beginning to the end; wherewith we end this second Treatile, and begin the third.

The end of the second Treatise.

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In the second Treatise, we have told how the Tinstures or Leavens ought to be made; in the third, we shall declare and amply set forthwherewith the Tinstures of the Sun and Moon are made; and after what manner Sol and the other Planets ought to be made; to wit, with the Furnace and the Fire.

CHAP. I.

Of the building of the Furnace; and, of the Fire.

Ercurius Hermes Trismegistus, saith, That he which would perfect this Art, must, as it were, build a new World; for after the same manner as God created the Heaven and Earth, the Furnace with the Fire is to be built and governed. That is to say, after this manner: First, Let there be a Furnace built of the height of six spans, extended from the top of the singers to the thumb; and in breadth one handful; in the inside, let it be round and plain, lest the Coals cleave unto it; from whence let it a little decline to the border thereof; and let there be holes less underneath

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CHAP. II.

Of the Conjunction of the Male with the Female.

Aving now treated of the Furnace and the Fire wherein the Tinctures are to be prepared, now we intend largely to write how the Man and Woman do agree, and how they are joyned together: that is to say, after this manner: Take the Mercury of the Philosophers, prepared and mundified in its highest degree; this resolve with his Wise, to wit, with quick Mercury; as the Woman receiveth the Man, and as the Man cleaveth to the Woman: and even as a Man loveth his Wife, and the Woman loveth her Husband, so do the Philosophers Mercury and the quick Mercury, prosecute the greatest love, and are moved by Nature with a great affection towards us: So therefore the one and the other Mercuries are conjoyned each to other, and one with another, even as the Man with the Woman, and she with him, according to their bodies, that there is no difference between them; and they are congruent in their strength and proprieties, save onely, that the Man is firm and fixed, but the Woman is volatile in the Fire. And for this Cause, the Woman is united to the Man, so that she receiveth the Man, and he fixeth and fastneth her firm and constant in any balance; as it followeth, They are both to be so close

four fingers broad, and let every hole of the Furnace be supplied with a Copper Cauldron to contain the Water. Afterwards, take good and hard Coals, which you shall break in Gobbers about the bigness of a Walnut; with these fill the long Furnace; which then is to be stopped up, that they may not burn out. And afterwards, let some Coals be kindled to the holes below: if the Fire be too great, lay a stone before it; if too little, stir the Coals with an Iron-instrument, that they may be pierced with the Air, and the Hear may be increased. This way you may keep your Fire, according to the true Exigency of Nature; neither too excessive, nor too small; but most fit and apt for the motion of the Matter: this is compared to the Firmament. also in this place another Firmament, to wit, the Matter contained in the Glais; after which followeth the form of the World. Therefore the Furnace is to be placed as the Sun in the great World, which giveth Light, Life and Heat to the universal Furnace, and all Instruments, and to all other things whatsoever concluded under it.

Chap.

CHAP. III.

Of the Copulation of the Male and Female.

Hen you have placed the Man and the Wife in the Matrimonial Bed; if you would that he may operate upon her, so that the may bring forth, it is necessary, and must be, that the Man have his operation upon the Woman, so that the seed of the Woman may be coagulated and joyned together into a Mass, by the feed of the Man; otherwise it produceth no Fruit.

CHAP. IV.

Of the Philosophical conjunction of the Man and Wo-

Fterwards if you perceive the Woman to be of a black colour, then certainly be affured that she hath conceived, and is made pregnant: and when the feed of the Woman embraceth the seed of the Man, this is the first Signe and Key of this whole Art; therefore be

Secrets of Alchymy.

careful continually to preserve the natural Hear. and the blackness will appear, and be dispersed and confumed away by the natural Heat; as one Worm eateth and devoureth another, and continueth confuming so long, until there be no more blackness left.

CHAP. V.

Of the black Colour.

He blackness manifestly appearing, then know, that the Woman is pregnant; but when the Peacocks Tail begins to appear, that is, when many various colours will appear in the Glass, it sheweth the working of the Philosophers Mercury upon the vulgar Mercury, and stretcheth out her Wings until she hath overcome it. Therefore when the driness operates upon the moulture, these Colours do appear.

CHAP. VI.

Of the Buds springing and appearing in the Glass.

Then you perceive these various Colours, then be constant in your work, continuing the Fire, until the Colour of the Peacock's Tail be fully confumed, and until the Matter of

the Moonappear white and candid as Snow, and that the Vessel hath brought it to the very degree of its perfection. Then at last break a little piece thereof, and put it on a Copper-plate in the Fire; if it remain constant and firm, and keep its Tinsture, it is then brought to the most perfest substance of Luna. This King hath strength and power, not onely to transmute and change all metals; but also to cure all diseases and in-This King is laudable, and adorned with many vertues, and with so great power, that he can transmute and change Venus, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, and Mercury, into the most constant Luna, to every touch-stone; and also frees and delivers the bodies of men from infinite difeases, as from Fevours, Feebleneis, Leprosie, the French difease, or Morbus Gallicus, and from a great many other infirmities and dileases; which no Herbs, Roots, or the like Medicines can possibly Cure, or take away. Whofoever maketh daily use of this Medicine, shall attain to, and preferve himself in a sound and perfect long life.

CHAP. VII. Of the red Colour.

Free this King is indued with a perfect whiteness, the Fire is constantly to be continued, until the whiteness begins to take a vellow Colour; which Colour follows next after the whiteness: for by how much the longer the Heat worketh upon the white and dry

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Matter, the more Yellow and Saffron-like groweth the Colour, until it come to perfect redness, which by degrees the Fire worketh to the highest degree of the red Colour; then is the substance of Gold prepared, and there is born an oriental King, fitting in his Throne, and ruling over all the Princes of the World.

CHAP. VIII.

Of the augmentation or multiplication hereof.

He multiplication of this Matter is to be af-L ter this manner, to wir, let it be resolved into its moissure, and then put the Fire to it, to the height as at first, and it will work upon its moisture oftner then before, and change the same into its own substance, turning the whole quantity of the matter into the substance it self:where. fore the Treasures of the Earth are unspeakable, the world cannot compare unto them; witness Augurellus.

The Conclusion.

This secret was kept by the most ancient Fathers amongst their most occult and hidden secrets; who kept the same, lest it should come to the hands of wicked men, who might thereby be inabled the better, and more fully to accomplish their wickedness and evil ends. We therefore do require you who foever shall attain to this gift of God, that you will imitate the Fathers, and secretly

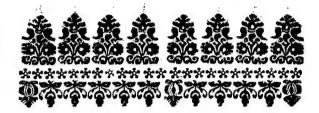
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cretly use and preserve this divine Mystery: for if you tread it under your feet, or cast Pearls before twine; you shall receive a great judgement from God the great Judge and Revenger of all things.

But unto those whom God by his singular and special Grace, hath given abstinency from all vices, this Art shall be more fully revealed then to any other; for with one such man shall more wisdom be found, then among a thousand sons of the world, by whom this Art shall never be found out.

Whosoever shall finde out this secret, and attain to this gift of God, let him praise the most high God, the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost; the Grace of God let him onely implore, that he may use the same to his glory, and the profit of his Neighbour. This the merciful God grant to be done, through Jesus Christ his onely Son our Lord, Amen.

The



Theophrastus Paracelsus
OF
OCCULT PHILOSOPHY.

The Prologue.



N this enfuing booke we do intend to treat of the greatest and most occult secrets of Philosophy, and of all those things which do appearain to Magicke, Nigromancy, Necro-

mancy, Pyromancy Hydromancy, and Geomancy: Clearely and fully demonstra-

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ting and setting forth every thing that may be investigated, effected and brought to pass thereby: this Philosophy in the practice thereof is much abused, by Ceremonies and other abuses; and hicherto the foundation thereof hath been built fallely upon the fand; whereby the whole Artifice and instruments thereof are overthrowne with the least winde, and sometimes the Artificers themselves, especially the Nigromancers, are taken away out of the very middest thereof, with the windes, that is, with the Spirits, and are vanquished, overcome and carryed away. It is therefore necessary that the foundation of these and of all other Arts be laid in the holy Scriptures, upon the doctrine and faith of Christ; which is the most firme and fure foundation, and the chiefe corner stone, whereupon the three principal points of this Philosophy are grounded. The first is prayer, whereunto agrees this word of holy Scripture, Ask, seeke, and knocke, &c. By which we are to fecke unto God, and faithfully believe his promiles; and doing this with a pure heart and minde, it shall be given unto us, and we shall finde what we seeke after: and

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The Prologue.

those things which before remained occult and secret, shall be made open and manifested unto us. The second thing founded therein, is faith, which is able to remove Mountains into the Sea: for unto the faithful all things are possible, as Christ hath spoken. The third point is founded in our imagination, which afterward is kindled in our hearts, and then aptly agreeth and concordeth with the

faith aforefaid.

Therefore all Ceremonies, Conjurations, Confectations, and fuch like vanities are to be rejected and cast away, with all vain foundations, & the true corner-stone is the foundation that is onely to be imbraced in our hearts, that is, every thing which proceedeth and springeth from the holy Scriptures, the light of nature, and fountain of truth: we will write therefore in most briefe and plain words, the most occult and secret things, which neither Cornelius Agrippa nor Peter de Abano, much less Tritemius, never understood or wrote of. Neither let any one raise scandall upon this my writing of Philosophy, but first rather let him well peruse and ponder every word; and then

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it will appeare from whom I speake, and whether I have this knowledge from the Devil, or from the experience of the pure light of nature.



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Theophrastus Paracelsus Occult PHILOSOPHY.

CHAP. I.

Of Consecrations.

Eeing God the greatest of all good did in the beginning of the Creation of the World, plentifully and abundantly bless and sanctifie all things which are therein; both Places, Instruments, and all Crea-

tures, that have their being upon the Earth; There is no need of other Bleffings and Confecrations; for he is Holiness himself: wherefore all things that he ordained and made, are also confecrated by and through him. Therefore no humane things do need any more or other Confecra-

fecrations; but may better, nay belt of all, be without them, especially such as setting Crosses in the way, Crosses, Circles, Swords, Vestures, Candles or Lights, Waters, Oyls, Fire, Fumigations, Characters, Writings, Books, Pentacles, Seals of Solomon, Crowns, Scepters, Girdles, Rings, &c. and many other things of the like-kinde, which the Ceremonious Nigromancers do use against the Phantatick Spirits, as if they could not be compelled and bound by any other means; whereas Faith is the chief and principal Foundation against them.

As often as the Ceremonial Nigromancers fay, that this is confectated and bleffed, or that many Maffes are celebrated thereupon. Wherefore they all fay, that they are of power against the devil and the malignant Spirits, who are terrified with fear and dread thereof, and slie there-from,

&c. and dare not come neer it.

O you very arch-Fools, and ignorant men of no worth! even unworthy of the name of men, who do give Faith and credit to such monstrous and palpable lyes, when you see notwithstanding examples thereof before your eyes; when so much lightning falls upon the Temples, that it burns and destroyes the Altars; which chiefly happens by the Tempests raised with Inchantments; also, when the Devil and the malignant Spirits are seen to raign about these places, and are heard by the Magitians what they speak. Therefore Negromancy with all its Ceremonies, is absolute wickedness, a Viper used amongst Juglers, a wicked work, which blindeth the eyes

of the speciators, deceiving them of their Money; but intruth is not to be effeemed worth a halfpenny, scarce astraw or rush: wherefore are not to be induced or made use of herein; as Judeus Solomon in his book hath written, which the Nigromancers call, The Key of Solomon. For God would not have them to be used; but hath given another thing instead thereof, to wit, Faith; which perfectly confecrateth all things. Nevertheless, I would not have all Consecrations to be rejected, but onely those Ceremonies, which are assumed to be used against the phantastick and malignant Spirits. But I do not defire, that any thing should be derogated from those Magical Ceremonies and Operations, which are made for Physical uses: neither, especially the Confecrations in Matrimony, and in the Sacraments of Baptism, and the Lord's Supper, which are to be kept and observed by us in the highest esteem and reverence alwayes, unto the last day. For at that time we are all perfectly confecrated, and fanctified, and clarified with a heavenly

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CHAP.II.

Of Corjurations.

The Efore we come to treat of Conjurations, Bwhence they proceed, and what is the foundation of them; It is first necessary to declare, who invented them, who used them, and what hath been brought to pais by them; and how more and more they came to be abused. Know therefore, that they had their original Spring and fountain from Babylon; and there did mightily increase and flourish: afterwards it came into Ægypt, and from thence to the Israelites; and last of all, to us Christians. Amongst the Nigromancers it is very familiar, and held in great effeeme, so that in their rude and ignorant understandings, they all attribute more efficacy, power and vertue thereunto, then unto prayer and faith. This foundation, which is drawne onely from their opinions, is to be condemned, so that no man almost ought to remain therein; but they all Justly deserve to be punished by the Magistrate who persist therein. Although Conjurations may be able to effect some things in themselves, nevertheless they are not to be usurped by any Magitian or wise man, because they are contrary even to God himself, and to his word and commandments, and allo so the light of nature: For nothing of truth can

be forced or drawn from the Spirits thereby: although they are sometimes forced to appeare in their greatest and Magnissen; pompe, and with terrible pride and haughtiness, nevertheless they are not bound or overcome by this Conjuration; for that can onely be done by faith a-

I say, those kinde of Nigromancers who defire to perform and effect all things by their Conjurations, so as to compel, binde, afflist and Torment the Spirits, forcing to do what they will have them, are most like and fitly to be compared to thieves and Robbers, that lurk in woods and places to Rob and murder; who can kill and steale so long, and so far forth as God shall permit them, but no longer: But when the time and hour comes, that their villanies and wickedness shall be made manifest; then not one of the most subtil and crastyest of them can escape: whereby it comes to pass, that one for Robbery receives his death, another is accused, and at last comes under the power of the hangman, who renders him a reward according to the desert of his workes: No otherwise are we to judge of fuch thieves who breake houles and steal so long, till at last they perish at the gallows. So likewise doth the Nigromancer call and invocate Spirits, conjure and afflict them with punishments and Martyrdomes, so long as he shall be permitted by the Lord God; but not without the curse of God and when the time and hour of his punishment is come, then as the Proverbe is he receiveth his fruits: he erred in his Conjurations,

Even so also the Malignant Spirits are the hang-men and executioners of God, who can execute nothing without the commission of their Magistrate, that is, of the divine Majesty.

I say therefore that all Conjurations are against God, and are contrary to his word, the divine law, and the light of nature; which are prohibited to be used not construct to Spirits along his

not drawing his Circle as he ought, out of the will and power of the Spirits, which they often fay unto him: To wit, thou hast erred in Conjuring, or thou hast not rightly drawn the Circle, thou hast not Chastifed and prepared thy self enough; or that thy Seale and Pentaeles are faise: wherefore thou receivest this punishment: so thy debts are paid thee in ready money, a long time reserved for thee; and which long since thou oughtest to have had: so he deservedly receiveth his reward from the Spirits, who leave some notable eminent marke remaining upon him; or mayme him in some limbe or member, if not quite breake his necke: and by this he becomes his own executioner.

Therefore let these Ceremonious Nigromancers take heed and looke what they do: let them fer this chapter as a looking-Glass before them, lest by their own frivolous and wicked operation they themselves become the servants of the Spirits, and suffer them to rule over them, and be their own executioners: Which being done, the Spirits will not suffer themselves any longer to be forced or compelled by these servanes; neither will they do what they will, but now the fervants shall be forced to yeeld obedience to the Spirits, who are become their Lords. The hang-man also doth the like, he hearkneth not to him that is to be scourged, neither will he shew any mercy or favor at the prayer of him that is condemned; but he executeth the command of his Master, and what appertains unto his office.

I say therefore that all Conjurations are against God, and are contrary to his word, the divine law, and the light of nature; which are prohibited to be used not onely to Spirits alone, but also such as are directed to herbs, stones and fuch-like, and especially those which are made against men; it becometh not us to act like the Heathens, who when they were not able to use men after their own wills, and could not force and compel them, they did Conjure them (as by many examples it is found in the Scriptures) so that they were forced and compelled to execute and act fuch things as were contrary to their wills and nature. Woe therefore to such wicked Knaves, and to all them whosoever imirate them: how great wickedness do they commit? And what grievous Plagues will come to them at the last, and what fearful and horrible accusations shall they heare the Devil make against them before the wrath of God? If afterwards it were lawful for them to signifie to such kinde of men, their milery which they endure, they who do such things, many thousands of them would be brought to repentance.

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CHAP. III.

Of Characters.

XXIE are not to give credit also, neither to Characters nor Words; for the Poets and Negromancers do also much exercise themselves in them, and do fill their Conjuring-Books full of them, which they raise out of their own imaginations, meerly and rashly, without any Foundation, and do feign them against all Truth; whenas many thousands of them are not worth a nut-shell. But in the mean time I will be filent in their Characters, which they draw in Paper & Parchment, which are uselessly blotted with such trifles. It was a custome amongst those kinde of men, which amongst some is hardly left to this day, That by imposing these Characters upon these men, they drew them to admiration of themselves with thele Characters, and speaking such words as are wonderful to me, and which were never heard of; yet they say, they are found our and devised by themselves. Wherefore it is chiefly necessary to have perfect knowledge, to discern these Letter, Words and Characters.

There are many such-kinde of words found amongst them, which have no affinity at all with the Idioms of the Latine, Greek, or Hebrew Tongues, neither with any other; which cannot possibly be interpreted by any man, nor rendred Occult Philosophy.

into any other Tongue. Therefore I speak not without cause, and say, That we are not to credit all Letters, Characters or Words, but to keep to those onely which are true, and have been often proved, and taken out of the Foundation of Truth.

That we may come to these, and declare what Words or Characters are just and true; we shall onely in the first place detect and unfold two: although there may be found many other, yet nevertheless, these are most especially and principally to be accounted and esteemed of, before all other Characters, Pentacles, and Seals: note the delineation of them, which is thus:

Two Triangular Figures, cutting one another thorow with a cross, are so painted or engraven, that they do include and divide themselves into feven spaces within, and do make fix corners outwardly, wherein are written fix wonderful Letters of the great Name of God; to wit, Adonay, according to their true order. This is one of those Characters whereof we have ipoken.

There is another which excelleth the former in power and virtue, and this hath three Hooks cutting one another through by a cross, and are so delineated, that by their mutual intersection they include fix spaces, and outwardly five angles, wherein are written five fyllables of the supream name of God; to wit, Tetragrammaton, also according to their true order.

I would have put down the Figures themselves; but because you may happily finde them in many

By these two Characters some of the Israelites and Nigromancers of Judea, obtained many things; and they are now esteemed of great price amongst very many, and held as great secrets: for they are of so great virtue and power, that whatsoever is possible to be done by Characters and Words, the same may be effected by them or one of them. I would gladly know, where and in what place in all the Books of the Nigromancers may be found any other, wherein there is made the like against the malignant Spirits, Devils, & Inchantments of the Magitians, by all the deceits and devices of the Sorcerers. For they do deliver him that is already inchanted either in his minde or understanding, so that he is forced or compelled to ast anything against his own natural will or nature; or if he suffer any loss or hure in his body, by the administration of there, made in their just and due time and hour, and being taken in his mouth with a Wafer, Pancake, or such-like thing, in four and twenty hours he shall be free from the Inchantment.

There are also many other thing which are helpful in such cases; as those which shall be by me laid down hereafter, when I come to speak of

Tempelis, and the Seasons.

Briefly, these Characters are of so great force and power, that if the Nigromancers did but know and believe their power and and virtue, they would forthwith reject and cast away all other things, even all their other Characters, Words. Occult Philosophy.

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Words, Names, Signs, Figures, Pentacles, confecrated Seals of Solomon, Crowns, Scepters, Rings, Girdles, and such-like Ceremonies what-soever, and wherein hitherto they have reposed any hope, thinking by them to secure themselves from their dangerous experiments and operations, when they would invoke, conjure, or think to compel and force the Spirits. Truely those which we have spoken of, are the true Pentacles to be had and used against all unclean Spirits, which they do all fear, even they which wander in the Elements. Nevertheles, Faith doth strengthen and confirm all these things.

But some may carpingly object, although undefervingly, and fay, That I break the third Commandment of God, of the first Table of Mofes, wherein it is forbidden of the Lord God, for any one to take his name in vain. But who amongst any wife men, can be able to fay, That I have done this; or, that I have herein offended God? whenas I use not this for that purpose, nor after the same manner, as the Nigromancers and Inchanters; but onely for the extream necessity and help of men, and in those diseases and infirmities wherein no Medicines, no Aurum potabile, nor quinteffence of Gold, neither Antimony, nor no fuch fecret can help them, although they are of very great virtue and efficacy.

It becometh a Physician to know the original cause of all diseases, that he may know which proceeds from evil meat or drink, as from Apples, Herbs, and other fruits of the Earth: and it

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is expedient for him to know the fecrets of Herbs and Roots, &c. whereby the disease may be cured. But if it happen under the cause of Minerals, such diseases are to be expelled by the secrets of those Metals; which the secrets of Herbs and Roots do not admit of, and have not power to do.

In like manner, if dileases do proceed from the influences of Heaven, neither of the secrets aforesaid, are able to profit any thing in the cure thereof, but it must be expelled by Astronomy and the heavenly influences, as it is written of

Parsicaria.

Lattly, if any disease or grief happen or be inflicted upon any man in a supernatural manner, by Inchantment or some Magical Sorceries, none of those three remedies aforespoken of, will help them; but there must be a Magical remedy whereby it may be expelled, as we have before delivered.

Many men who have in this kinde been made miserable through inchantments, have also hitherto been for sken and cast off by the Ignorant Physitians; because these things hitherto were hidden unto them: And if they chance to be told them of others, they will answer, that if they should use them, they should ast against God, and take his name in vain; and that this which I have done hath no truth in it. But if I should use these things to the hurt or prejudice of man, I should Blaspheme against God; or if I should Conjurcany Spirits, man, herbe, roote or stone, &c. by his name, it might then justly be

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be faid that I did take his name in vain, and offend God; but not before. Let the Divines themfelves also, and the Sophisters speake what they list to these things, the thing which I speake will not be found contrary to the truth, although herein their opinions may be very contrary unto me: they will call me Inchanter, Nigromancer, and a contemner of the Commandments of God, which Calumnies and reproches I do not at all care for: for it will be most certainly made manifest, that their exceptions against we, will appeare no otherwise then those of the Jews and Pharisees who carped against Christ, because he healed the ficke on the Sabbath day: For they faid unto him, that Christ had broke the Sabbath and the commandment of God: the like they did with David when he was forced and oppreised, and did eat the shew-bread; But amongst these fault-finders and slanderers, how or what shall be done that will please them all? But the Ignorant will not cease to talke until the beasts or stones can teach them, which we must expect will be a long time, and then they will hold their peace.

CHAP. IV.

Of Spiritual visions, appearing in dreames.

There is a twofold kinde of visions that do appeare in dreames, that is to say, natural E and

Many wonderful Arts and Sciences also have seemed to be made appeare to Artists in their creams; the reason whereof hath been, because

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they have always had an ardent affection to those Arcs: so powerful an imagination thereof, hath for the most part followed the same, that they have supposed in their dreames, that some Philosopher hath taught them these Arts : this oftentimes happeneth, but the greatest part perisheth in oblivion: some rising early in the morning say, This night a wonderful dreame appeared to me. even as that Mercury, or this or that Philosopher corporally appeared unto me in a dreame. who raught methis or that Art; but it is fallen out of my memory, so that I cannot remember any more thereof. To whom any such thing hath happened, he ought not to go forth out of his chamber, nor speak with any manabut to remain alone and fast untill he call to remembrance that which he had forgotten. And thus much is sufficient to be spoken concerning natural dreams, and visions appearing in the night in dreames of what belongerh thereunto: But for the conclufion of fuch kinde of visions, one thing is yet to be declared; that amongst all those dreams that do rejoyce our Spirit, grieve us, or caule forrow, commonly that which is the contrary. cometh to pass: wherefore such like kinde of visions are not alwayes to be credited.

But the other dreames which are fupernatufral, are most certain Ambassadors, and true Legats & messengers sent unto us from God, which are nothing else but Angels and Good Spirits, who sometimes do appeare to us in our greatest necessations: Even as it happened to the three wise men when they had come a great Journey

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o seeke the young infant a after they had found him, they would have returned to Herod, to tell him where the child was, and how they found him: but the Angel of the Lord appeared unto them in a dreame, saying, Do not return to kim, but return into your own Country another way. For God knew the false heart of Herod, from which he spoke, wherefore he would not suffer his will to be performed. The like dreame happened to Joseph and Jacob, when he would go into Ægypt: the same in like manner happened to Ananias, Cornelius, and many others; all whose dreams are supernatural: such dreams do somtimes also happen to men in our times, but they are nothing effeemed, yet nevertheless they are not fallacious. We are likewise to know that these kinde of visions may be obtained by us by prayer from our Lord God, in our greatest necessities, so that our prayers be made with a sincere heart, and with a true and undoubted faith, then he will at length fend his Angel unto us, who will appeare unto us, and spiritually admonish, teach, and promite us.

Balaam was most expert in these kinde of visions: for every night, as often as he would, he could obtain a vision of this kinde: yet the Scripture hath given him an obscure name, to wit, an Inchanter: it is not expedient to make any difference, for the Scripture observeth no difference herein, but calleth all them Inchanters who have experience and knowledge in the vertues of natural things; nevertheless, great discretion is to be used in these things; God would have Occult Philosophy

us to walke in simplicity, as the Apostles did, and not to fearch too deeply into suca high, abstrule, and secret things above nature; that we fall not into the abute thereof, and therewith hurr our neighbour : and so come into condemnation both of body and foule. They are not therefore all Inchanters which the Scripture calleth so: for then it would follow that those three wise men of the East, should be Arch-Inchanters; when as in all Arts, especially in such as were fupernatural, they excelled all others before their time: therefore that the Scriptures do not call them Inchanters, but wife men; what else can be gathered from them, but that they did in no wife abuse their Arts and occult wildome? For Magicke is such an Arr and science which demontrareth and declareth the power and virture thereof by faith:nevertheless Inchantments may ipring from thence, to wit, when it is used abusively; and before, it cannot be called an Inchantment.

But that I may speake more largely of visions in dreams; it is to be known, that some have been so spiritually listed up to God in a dream, that they have seen his glory and the joy of the elect, and the punishment of the damned; which they could never afterwards forget, but have carryed the same in their hearts and mindes until the end of their life; It is possible, I say, for us to see all these things in a spiritual manner: when we seeke for and implore the mercy of God, with a true saith and prayer, we may behold all the Mysteryes of God very well, as Esain & John: These kinde

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of visions are certain and true; to which more faith is to be given, then to all the precepts in Nigromancy by looking-Glasses, Christals, Beryls, nailes of the fingers, stones, waters, and the like; for all these are faise and fallacious; and although fuch Spirits do sometime speake in such appearances, and answer, and do affert the same with an hundred Oath's, with erection of the fingers; yet we are not alway to give faith or credit unto them, unless perchance it be done out of the special command of God: otherwise they cannot possibly speake truth of all visions, which we have ipoken of; those Prophesies do come from a true original, which do agree with all the Prophets. From whence had the Prophets their wildome and knowledge, and from whence were those Mysteries of God revealed unto them, by which they had those Spiritual and supernatural visions in dreams? It is necessary therefore, in the first place, to the finde out the true foundation thereof, and to lay the same upon the right stone; which is the word of God and his promises; and go pray daily unto God; whereby it shall come to pass that he will give us all things which he hath promised in his word,

There is also another vision belonging to dreams, which we may take from them that are died; and do appear spiritually unto us in die ms, although they have been dead sifty or bundred years: this is very much to be taken to consideration; for many have undertaken treat thereof, which for their too much promuly, (which we endeavour to avoid) we will make

pass them by, reserving them to their place: Nevertheless this I will declare, (viz.) Where it happeneth that one of these Ghosts do appeare, it is most necessary diligently to note and marke what he sheweth unto us, what he speaketh with us about, or doth spiritually Negotiate; and not always to account thereof as fables: For if it were possible for a man to reraine the same reason sleeping, which he hath waking, that he could aske and enquire of such a spirit, he should know the truth from him, about all his desires whatsoever: But it's not needful to speake any more largely in this place concerning this thing.

Of Persons and Spirits wandring under the Earth.

Inder the Earth do wander half-men, which possess all temporal things, which they want or are delighted with; they are Vulgarly called Gnomi, or Inhabiters of the Mountains: but by their proper name, they are called Sylphes or Pigmies: They are not Spirits, as others are, but are compared unto them, for the Similitude of their Arts and Industry, which are common to them with the Spirits: they have slesh and blood as men, which no real Spirit hath: as Christ spoke unto his Disciples, when he came amongst them, when the doores were shut, and they were affraid, saying, Feele me, and touch me, for a Spirit E. A.

hath not flesh and blood nor bones, as I have: By this he himself hath taught u, that a Spirit hath no true body that can be touched; nor bones, nor flesh, nor blood, but existeth in its own essence of winde or Aire. But of this we have briefly spoken enough; But to return to the earthly Pigmies or halfe-men, we are to know that these are not to be reputed Spirits, but like to Spirits; but if they are or shall be called Spirits, they ought to be called earthly Spirits, because they have their Chaos and habitation under the earth, and not in the winde and Aire, as the other Spirits have.

Many terrene earthly Spirits are found, feen, and heard to be in such places, wherein great treasures, and mighty store of wealth and Riches are hid; and also under those Mountains, where there is plenty of Gold and Silver; with which things they are delighted, and do take the care and custody thereof, and not willingly do they

part from it.

Such as digge Metals have the best knowledge of these Spirits, for they are most troubled with them, and do vexe them, and much persecute them with blowes and stripes: somtimes also they do afford benefits unto them, admonishing them, and warning them of death: as when they are heard once, twice, thice or oftener to Knock and strike in the same place, it signifies the death of him that diggeth or laboureth in that place; either he is buryed up by the fall of the Mounrain, or dyeth by some such occasion: this is cerrainly experienced by them that do digge in Thefe Lines j.

Occult Philosophy. These Spirits are worst against those who do

nor appear to be Devils, and chiefly against those which they have: but between these Spirits and the Devil, there is a great difference; because he dyeth not, but these perish after they have lived a long life, otherwise they might be called Spirits for this reason: but that which hath flesh and blood, is obnoxious to death, and ought once to die. There is another thing which we shall more largely declare from the common proverb, whereby it is reported that the Devil aboundeth in Riches, and possesseth much wealth, money, gold, and filver; and to have all treasures hidden in the earth under his power, and to give out of them what he will, to them that make any Covenant with him. And from hence that common faying tooke its beginning, that the Devil for this very cause giveth not onely Riches plentifully, and every thing that he defireth, gold or filver to any one that prescribeth himself unto him, & giverh up himself solely to be his, so as to renounce and forget his Creator. But I fay that all these things are lyes and fained fables, without any foundation or ground; which ought to be rejested of every discreet and wise man: For the devil is the poorest of all creatures, so that there is no creature fo milerable & poore, above or under the earth or in all the other Elements. Neither hath he any money, nor Riches, nor any power over them; how then can he give to this or that person, that which he pessesses not? But he is infinitely skilful and cunning in Arts; and hath power to give and to teach them to those he

favoreth, and that he can wrest away and delude with his deceit: he hath no money, neither gold nor filver can he give to any one; neither doth he ever take or require any bonds or obligations from men sealed with their blood, or any other compact or Covenant. But there are other Spirits which do such things, such as are the Sylthes, or Pygmies, which although they are persons that are little by nature, yet they can appear to men as they will, great, or little; faire, deformed; rich or poore: they are not defective nor wanting of knowledge in all kinde of Arts that are or can be found our in all the light of nature; but they have them, and contain the knowledge of them all within themselves: they have enough of gold and filver, and the mines of all Metals under their power and cultody. In old times many of them have been found and heard amongil men, but now they cease; but no man hitherto hath known, or could give a reason of their severing and separation, seeing they have alwayes been esteemed to be Immortal creatures; because no man could certainly be able to know or finde out their death, or could confider any cause of their absence: neither could any man for a long time be able to know what they now are, or whence they proceeded, or whither they wander, or what gift or office they have. Many do inppose that where they bring any benefits or good to men, that they are Angels, or good and familiar Spirits, sent to those men from God, and are afterwards by him taken from them, by reason of the greatness of their sins: for oftenOccult Philosophy.

times they bring to men very many good offices and benefits, and do undertake and fultaine many hard labours for them.

Others believe that they will not be feen by us, because that when a man seeth them, he cryeth out; fo that they vanish away, and will not

appear any more.

Many that do see or hear these Spirits, suppose that they are the Spirits and soules of men that have come to an evil death, so that they have either desperately drowned or hanged themselves, or killed themselves some other wayes; and departing from God their Saviour, have given themselves to the devil: and for that cause, do wander about, and are referred by the devil unto

the day of the last Judgement.

There have been some who have supposed that they are vaine Phantasies, and that they have fore-shown and presaged much good fortune to those places wherein they have been seen or heard; which many times also hath so happened and come to pass: but for the most part, faith effecteth it; for of their own nature, they do not bring any fortune, unless God compelleth them or our faith. And on the contrary, they are not able to cause any misfortune, unless it be by the permission of God.

And many do thinke that they are the In-

chantments of the Magicians.

There are others who having feen and heard them about treasures, have judged that they are the Spirits of men, who have hid treasures in that place, and ought to remain there until the the

Last Judgement, or untill their custody thereof is found out; and this opinion they receive from the words of Christ, where he faith, Where your treasure is, there will your hearts be also. But I do not see any reason why they should understand the heart for the Spirit, but that there is much difference between them; wherefore I fay that all the Judgements which are spoken of before, are but false opinions, when as these are to be understood to be halfe-men, that bear rule and wander in the four Elements; and in the first and pristine times of nature, they have been taken and worshipped in stead of God: These are they of whom God Almighty admonisheth us in that Commandment of the first Table, saying, that we shall not have any other Gods but him, neither in the waters (where the Nymphs are understood) nor under the Earth, (by which he meaneth Sylphes or Pygmies) For the Lord our God is a Jealous God, and for such an offence punisheth the fins of the Fathers upon the Children unto the third and fourth generation.

The Mountain of Venus in Italy, was much possessed with these Spirits for Venus her self was a Nymph, and that Mountain was by a comparison as her Kingdome and Paradice: But she is dead, whereby her Kingdome ceaseth to be: but where or in what place is there any mention heard to be made of them, as in former time, when Danhanserus, and many others entred in unto them? Neither did they Invent these sables: they were of such a nature and condition, that they loved all men that loved them;

and hated them that hated them: wherefore they gave Arts and Riches in abundance, to them who prescribed and bound themselves to them; and they know both our minds and thoughts, whereby it comes to pass, that they are easily moved by us to come to us. I do not fay this, that I would give this Counsel to any one, but that the true ground and foundation thereof might be known, and the true difference which is between the devil and these Semi - homines. The devil hath not any body, unless he take any thing to himself from the four Elements; for he hath neither flesh nor blood: he remaineth perpetual, not subject to any infirmities or a finite death; wherefore he dieth nor, but the Pygmies do: nevertheless they are both subject to a natural and everlating death, and are both deprived of everlatting life: wherefore who oever giveth or subscribeth himself unto them, the same event happenerh unto him as to them: Let every one therefore have a special care unto himself, and confider well what he doth, before he subscribeth himself; for he suddenly doth that whereby he shall alwayes be compelled to be obedient unto them, and to fulfill all their commands; And if he shall chance to be disobedient unto them, or anger them, they very much impaire, or totally destroy and take away his life: there have been found many examples of this kinde, to wir, sometimes men have been found dead, their neckes turned about, or otherwise miserably handled: where any such thing hath happened, it hath hitherto commonly been faid,

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that the Devil hath done this for this cause, either that the man hath not kept his promise and compact with him, or that the time which he covenanted and subscribed himself unto him for is expired; and that now he receiveth his last reward. But these opinions do not proceed from the fountaine of truth : for the office of the Devil containeth no such thing in his power, but rather he suggesteth unto men, evil thoughts and Cogitations, whereby he draweth them away from obeying the will and commandments of God: by which means he makerh them to be the greatest sinners, and to forget and deny God their Creator: and afterwards draweth them into despaire, so that they cannot any more be able to pray unto God: wherefore the Elementary Spirits are most like unto the devil, and oftentimes they are executioners of the wrath and vengeance of God; nevertheless they do oftentimes also admonish and warne us, and do watch over us and defend us from many dangers, and fomerimes do deliver some from prison, and afford to men many other helps.

Wherefore such men as are burdened and overwhelmed with grief and sorrowful Imaginations, are not to be left alone, but ought to be entertained with various and pleasant discourse, which may delight their mindes, and expel their sorrow: The Devils likewise are in these cases not idle; but as buse as those terrene Spirits, & do easily tempt such kinde of men. From hence it comes to pass, that some people, especially women in child-bed, have been so oppressed in the night in their

their sleepe, that they have thought themselves to be as it were strangled, neither could they possibly cry out, or call any helpe, but in the Morning have reported that they were Ridden by a hag: And they are still accounted to be wirches, or Inchanters that do this; whereas their bodies cannot possibly enter into the chambers, where the doores and Windowes are shut; but the Sylphes and Nymphes easily can.

O thou of little faith! as doubtful as Peter. who sufferest thy self to be tossed with every winde, and art easily drowned: thou thy felf art the cause hereof, by reason of thy little, dubious, and weake faith; also thy evil thoughts do draw thee unto this: Thou half also in thy self a secret Magnes that attracteth every like. This is the Celestial Load-stone above all others, which attracteth Iron and steel, above the Quintessence and starry Magnes, which maketh the dejected and hidden Iron to appear: for the Celestial Magnes is of such power and virtue, that from the distance of a hundred thousand miles, even from any place whatfoever, from the four Elements, he attracteth the Iron to himself, when he passerh into his own exaltation. But this we shall make more largely to appear, in two excellent examples following.

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Of the Imagination, and how the same cometh into it's exaltation.

WHat powerful operation the Imagination hath, and how the same cometh to its hight and exaltation, may be seen by an example taken from experience in the time of pestilence, wherein the Imagination poysoneth more then any infected Aire; and against which, no Antidote, neither of Mithridate nor Treacle, nor any such preservative, can exhibit any helpe; unless that fuch an Imagination do país away and be forgota ten, nothing else will helpe. So quick and swift a Runner and Messenger is the Imagination. that it doth not onely fly out of one house into another, out of one streete into another, but also. most swiftly passeth from one City and Country into another; so that by the Imagination onely of one person, the Pestilence may come into fome whole City or Country, and kill many thousands of men: as may be understood by this example. Put case there were two brethren dearly loving one another, and one of them lives in France and the other travels into Italy, who is taken away by the Peltilence in the middle way, and newes should be brought to the brother living in France, that his brother in Italy was dead of the Plague; at which he being affrighted, it pierceth through his Skin, into his Imagination, so that he cannot forget it; and it is kindled

kindled in him, and this fire doth so long reverberate and worke, as it may be seen in the tryal of Gold and Silver, which do fend forth their flowers to long, until they thine bright again; which is not before they are perfectly cleare, and separated from the other impure Metals: After the same manner also the Imagination striketh backe, and worketh it self unto the highest degree, after there will be a relucency thereof, now it is received in a vessel in the man, as the fperme of a man is received in the Matrix of the woman, whereby the conception of the woman immediately follows. So doth the Pestilence go from one to another, so long till it spread over a whole City or Country: Ir is good therefore to keep far off; not because of any corrupt or infected Aire, for it infects not the Aire, (as fome Ignorant people say) but that they may not see or heare the operations of the Pestilence, which may infect their mindes. But those people to whom any fuch newes is reported as beforesaid, ought not to be lest alone, neither must they be suffered to muse silently with themselves, whereby the Imagination may labour in their mindes; but they are to be comforted, and the Imagination is to be expelled from their mindes, by exciting them to mirth and joy: Neither let any think that I speak this as a sable. as though it should seem to be a light business; neither is the remedy so easie for opprest Imaginations; for the Imagination is as it were pitch; which eafily cleaveth and sticketh, and soone taketh fire, which being kindled, is not so easily

extinguished: wherefore the onely remedy to resist the Pestilence in such men, is to quench and expel the force of the Imagination. This is one example wherein the power and operation of the Imagination is declared, with the exhalations thereof.

But now to speake of another example, know, that the Imagination doth not onely operate on men in time of Pestilence, and to deprive many of their lives, but also in war: how many have perished in war with the feare of the shot? the cause of whose death hath been onely their Imagination which they have had unto their death: That is, they have been so greatly overwhelmed with feare, and so terrified at every shot, that they have thought no otherwise but that they should be wounded with every dart : such men are far oftner slaine then those that are bold, who go couragiously and without feare against their enemies; they feare no shor or wound, but have a firm faith and hope of Vistory beyond the other Souldiers; such are stout and true Souldiers: how many Towers, Castles, Cityes and Countryes have such warred against, and overcome and Vanquished the people thereof? But the other that are fearful, whether they be great or little, Noble or Ignoble, Knights, Earls, or others, do scarce deserve a halse-peny to go against an enemy, much less any wages. Wherefore it becometh him that defireth to be an old Souldier, or to gain Knight-hood or any honour in war, to fix and fasten his minde and Imagination firmly upon some most excellent

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flout Head and leader of an Army, such as Tuling Cafar, and many amongst the Romans have been: and by so doing if he know how to use this Imagination well, and be of a firm and constant minde, and as he if would attain to and accomplish all the heroick noble acts of such a man; he shall not onely attain to be an old Souldier, but shall accomplish his defires in attaining to the like honours.

This hath suddenly happened to many who have followed the process of their Imagination, to that they have attained to great honour and

Riches.

Object. But some may Object, that fortune, strength and industry hath helped them, and promoted such men; also, that some have worne herbs, rootes and stones, &c. by reason of the virtue whereof, they could not be overcome nor wounded.

Answ. I say that all these things are consorts and helpers with the Imagination, which is the chiefe and general ruler over all others; although I grant that there are many fuch things, which do preserve in the greatest necessity against all enemies and their Armes, so that he that wears them, could not be wounded; whereof I shall make no mention in this place, but referve it to another. Nevertheless faith is the exaltation and confirmation of all those things: for without faith these things and all such like are vayne and void of Arength.

Of treasure and Riches hid under the Earth.

WE shall declare something concerning Treafures hid under the Earth; and shew some meanes whereby they are known and gotten. And also what things, sometimes evil, and wonderful, do happen about them.

The first thing to be treated of, shall be the signes whereby they are known, that it may be certainly made manifest, and not out of meere

opinion onely.

Note that it cometh to pass, where such places are, that there do appear many Phantalmes, and somrimes immoderate strange notices are heard, wherewith they that go out in the night are strucke with terror and feare; so that somtimes they are cast into a cold sweate, and their haire of their head stands upright, which for the most part happens on the Sabbath night. Also if any lights do appear and feem to fall about those places, and there their light is extinguished and goeth out; and fomtimes there seeme to be great flashes of wind in their house whose the treasure is, and where it is hid; and there are feene many visions and strange Phantasies: and many strange Rumors and noises are there heard. Where such things happen, they are heard and do shew themselves most commonly about the middle time of the night: And the cause of these noises and sights are, commonly

that there is treasure hid, in or about that place, neither is there any other reason thereof to be given. Nevertheless many who have not understood these things, have had many various opinions hereof.

Some have thought that these Phantasses have been caused by the devil, or by some Inchantment; or by some in that house who have some worke or familiarity with the Devil, or who have given or bound themselves to the devil, or have made some promise unto him, whereby it comes to pass that that wicked and malignant accuser causert these things to be seene and heard, that they might expect the expiration of their dayes, which he doth so much desire should be fulfilled.

Others do believe, that some have been secretly died and buryed there; others do thinke that some wicked man hath died in that place, whose Spirit hath been forced to wander thereabouts: and there have been other various and

fundry opinions.

But all these Judgements are vaine and salse, except onely those who conclude that the occasion of the noises are, that there is treasure hid about that place; or that sometimes when the devil hath been driven out of som body that he hath possessed, he hath been permitted to stay about that place; but where those noises are, it is a great Testimony that there is treasure hid there.

There are two kinds of treasures hid; some that may be found, and some that cannot be gotten;

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These things are most worthy our knowledge, especially the signes before spoken of are most diligently to be noted; because there are Magical Rods, which are deceitful, and are too easily inclinable to bend to any money that is

let fall or loft.

There are other visions also which appeare in looking-glaffes, Christals, and such like things, which Nigromancers that dig treasures do use: but they are all false and deceivful; wherefore there is little credit to be given unto them.

We come now to speake of the manner of digging for treasure, how a time may be taken that we may have a happy progress in the digging, which is as followerh. First, under an influence of the Moone or Saturn, and when the Moone transits Taurus, Capricorne or Virgo, is a good time to begin to feeke or dig after treafure. Neither need you use any other Ceremonies, nor to draw any Circles, or to use any Inchantments whatsoever; onely those that dig mult be of a cheereful minde, free and alienaOccult Philosophy.

ted from any evil thoughts or cogitations, and not to be moved, nor feare any phantalies, vilions, or Imaginations of the Spirits: although they should corporally appeare, yet they are onely visions. Therefore those that dig ought to discourle, sing, and be cheereful, and not to be affrighted at any thing, but to have a good courage: And by no meanes foever let them keepe filence, as some perfidious Negromancers have

taught.

Now when they come neere to the place where the Treature is, that it is almost derected, and do heare many noises; and strange visions and horible fights are feene, which oftentimes happens to be: It sheweth that the Pygmies and Sylphes are there, who do envy that men should have those treasures; and will not willingly part from them, especially if it be their own, or such as they brought thither. Such treasures are to be left, if the keepers thereof consent not. And although they may be gotren and taken away as a Robbery from those keepers, yet these keepers have an Art whereby they can change these treasures, in this way gained, into a vile and base matter, as into earth, clay,dung, and fuch-like things, (as I have feene by examples:) wherefore when any fuch transmutations happen, we are not therefore to despaire in our mindes, although we find nothing like either Gold or filver, neither would any one suppose any such thing to be there. We ought therefore to fly to the holy Scripture, which faith thus, God shall judge the world by fire; and in the Pfalmes thus, F 4

Gold and filver are tryed in the fire, and are found pure and cleane: wherefore in any fuch transmutations, the fire ought to be the judge; the proceeding in the tryal thereof, ought to be after the same manner, as the refining and separating of minerals and Metals; And by this meanes, it will be forced of necessity to return

to the same essence which it had before.

There is another thing remarkeable in these kindes of transmutations; for somtimes the diggers are deluded, and there are found oftentimes pots of earth, full of brais, ridiculous things and matter, as bones, egge-shells, pieces of wood, and such things, which have been buryed there many years before. And they that have found the same, have supposed it to be the true treasure, Gold or Silver, and to have been changed by the evil Spirits; which is false. For treasure found juddenly and unfought for, cannot be changed by the Spirits, but remaineth in the same substance which it had before. Therefore these things are not to be accounted a transmutation, but rather a vexation: for somtime these vexers of men do bury such things, that they which seeke after the treasure might labour in vaine: Therefore such things are not to be regarded, which are of no worth, and may easily be known by the lightness of their weight; But if they be of a heavy and ponderous body, like to a Mineral or Mineral fand, there may an experiment thereof be made by fire.

That we may omit nothing that may conduce hereunto, we will adde also this objection.

Some may aske, How comes it to pass that Treafure is sometime easily found which is not sought after? The cause whereof we may suppose to be this. Those Spirits which are the keepers of treasures, do best know the mindes, thoughts, and cogitations of men: therefore because they know, that men have not any thoughts or will to dig or feeke after any treasures in such a place, they give no diligence to keepe the same, neither do they suspect it; whereby it comes to pass, that it is easily taken from them. It happeneth to them, as it doth to those men who juddenly get some prey from their enemies, they not thinking of them, whereby the are easily overcome, or spoiled by them. There are two causes chiefly why treasures are so greedily fought after by men. The first is the Coverousness of them who thirst after riches; & the other, that thoseplaces where the treasures are might be afterwards made habitable, secure, safe, and quiet from being infested or molested with such Spirits. For there are at this day many ancient houses and Castles which are inhabitable, by reason of these kinde of Spirits: and the chiefe cause thereof is, that there are great treasures hid about these places. In those places where fuch things happen, it is chiefly necessary that great care be taken in the digging thereabout; not so much for the money and treasure, as that the place may again be made quiet and habitable. When any one goeth about this worke with diligent digging, one of these things commonly happens; either the treasure is found, or

carried deeper in the earth, or removed by the keepers to some other place; as visions in pure Christals have often shewn, and as they have told the diggers: I now see many Pygmies, take the treasure quite away. Credit ought to be given hereunto, and the digging to cease.

It is further to be known, by how much the greater noiles are heard about the place, and fights and visions seen, by so much greater the treasure is to be judged to be, and neerer to the superficies of the earth.

CHAP. VIII.

Of those that are possessed of malignant Spirits, and of the Devil.

A Fter what manner men are possessed and overcome by the Devil, the Apostle Peter largely writeth and declareth unto us: But that the words of his admonition may be understood according to the true sence thereof, a little exposition is needful: For the Apostle briefly and summarily comprehendeth the whole matter in two words, to wit, fasting and prayer: These seem to be very little and light things at the first sight; nevertheless they are of very great Moment, and signific very many things, if they be considered rightly and attentively: When therefore the Apostle Peter doth so earnestly admonish us, saying, Be ye sober and watch: for

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your enemy the Devil goeth about as a raging Lion, seeking whom he may devoure; Afterwards he concludeth, that by faith we may be able to resist the Devil; therefore Peter would have us to understand his first word of Sobriety, so, as if he should say, Beware of all kinde of glut-

tony and drunkenness.

For drunkenness is the fountain and original of all evils and vices, which are acted and compleated by drunkards through the perswasions of the Devil: wherefore observe a mean in mean and drinke, left your hearts be troubled and burdened therewith; for the Devil is alway prefent, although invisible; he is a Spirit, and understanderhall Arts, and can be in what place he will, throughout the Circuit of the whole earth: he is the author and Actor of all evil and wickedness which is done by men in the whole earth; he is as watchful over mankinde, as a Car is over a mouse: wherefore he seduceth you unawares. when you have filled your felves with wine; and then filleth up all vices in you: he then compasfeth you about with his snares and bonds, as the hang - man doth evil-doers and malefactors, untill he hath killed them; so also doth he with those that are drunke; besieging them with spares and Temptations, untill he either hath destroyed their bodyes, or brought them into despair.

Take heed to your felves therefore, Oh you Epicures and drunkards, and also Souldiers, who are always filled with wine night and day. Therefore a souldier that so overchargeth himself with meat This is the meaning of the first word of Sr. Peter of Sobernessnow we come to understand

what he meaneth by watching.

By watching Peter seemeth to understand, as if he should say, Walke in uprightness and justice: be of good courage, not faint-hearted; cast away all evil thoughts and cogitations, and alf-Phantalies of the Devil, that fuch Imaginations may not have any place with you; For hereby many have been overwhelmed and belieged by the devil, the reason whereof hath been their own wicked and evil thoughts and Imaginations. Therefore relinquish and cast them all away, and have God always before your eyes; pray unto him, and let him be onely in your thoughts; make your selves like unto him and his children, and then he will fend you his holy Spirit, who will guard you, rule you, and declare the wonderful workes of his mercy by you, as he hath done by Paul and all the other Apostles, who have been all after this manner preserved by his holy Spirit; follow them therefore, and exclude and cast away the Devil and all evil cogitations, and wicked thoughts, wherewith we may also feduce and deceive our selves, and thereby attract and draw the devil into us, and be corporally belieged and possessed by him, and so come into desperation, that we may destroy our own lives; even as did Judas, Achitophel, and many others,

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Thus much of watching, & the interpretation thereof, which Peter would have to be understood thereby. For by watching he doth not mean abflinence from the bed and sleep, as the Carthusians and other Monasteries do teach and observe; for God created and ordained rest and sleepe, and first suffered it to enter into Adam. Where-fore every one ought to sleepe in due season, as

much as his nature requireth, &c.

Lastly, note how Peter concludeth and confirmeth his word from God, faying, Let us refift the devil by faith; as if he should say, Do not in any wife sticke or stumble at the word of God, or doubt of his mercy; do you not burden your conscience, nor trouble your hearts: do not perswade your selves that God regardeth you not, or that he is forgetful of you; or that he accounteth you unworthy of his mercy, so that you ought not to come unto him, because you have acted against his Divine will, or have broken his commandments, and committed many fins: But rather, furnly believe his word. that Christ would not the death of a sinner, bur rather that he should be converted, and live: Also, that he came into the world because of our fins, that he might take them from us upon himself; which also he hath done: there are many such comfortable words to be found in the Holy Scriptures, which ought to be proposed to such persons as are weake in their faith, for their comfort and consolation: After this manner a man relisteth an evil conscience and the Devil. so that he is freed from them, and not tempted any more,

CHAP. IX.

Of the manner of delivering them that are possest by evil Spirits, and the great abuse which hither-to hath been committed by many, in such kinde of business.

TOw to come to speake of the driving away of evil Spirits; it is to be known, that very few fince the times of Christ and his Apostles have rightly been driven away. For they knew not how to use any other meanes but Ceremonyes and Conjurations, wherewith they endeavored to expel the malignant Spirits and the devil; whereas this is altogether a false foundation, and by no meanes to be followed or imitated. Although sometimes some have been delivered by this way, and the devil hath been driven from them; nevertheless it hath not been done, neither can it be done without loss: Like as if a Prince would vanquish some Country or City, with the Sword, this he could not posfibly do without fome apparent damage and loss to that place. A common proverb hereby cometh to minde, which faith, That he that cannot get good words from good men, shall much less wrest them from evil men, although they be compelled by force: the more evil is to be feared, as by examples is too often seen to come to pass.

Therefore that opinionated power is to be relinquished linquished which is used in Ceremonies and Conjurations. But you ought to expell wicked Spirits as Christ and his Apostles did, and no other way: But if you do otherwise, you undertake great Labours against the Devil: for certainly the Devil is forced through great difficulty to go out of men, and seeketh all iniquities and wicked occasions to stay, and retain them in his power. But when he seeth that he can no longer stay, and remain in the possessed to go out, then he requireth power and licence to enter into some other man, or beast, or into some other place: which if he be permitted, there followeth a greater loss thereupon.

Therefore there is no other place to be permitted or affigned unto him, but hell, from whence he cometh, and which Godbath ordained for him, and cast him into that it may not happen, as we have an example (as we faithfully be-lieve) when Christ permitted the devil which he cast out of the man, to enter into the herd of fwine, which no fooner had the devil entred into them, but they were drowned in the Sea. Therefore they are in no wife to be permitted to enter into any other men, lest suddenly after they deprive them of their lives, as they did these swine: Neither are they to be permitted ro go into any Rivers, lakes, or ponds; which if it should be done, they will drown many men therein, and draw them into the deepe under those waters; and will deride them as a fool doth his master with his fingers; and therewith the devils are more delighted then before neither

Paracelfus of

ought they to have any power given them, or to their desires to go into any house or Castle; for they will perpetually possess it, and will so reigne there, that no body will any more be able to dwell or inhabit in that place, but they will alway be inhabitable, as many both houses and Castles are in many Countries, which are left deiolate for this very cause; many whereof I could name in this place, but I pass them by, to avoyd prolixity: let Satan therefore aske what he will, where, or to what place he would go, nothing else ought to be granted to him, then to return into hell, which God ordained for him, and thrust him into: from whence he came into the man, and into which he ought to enter when he goeth out of the man, &c.

Also if the devil shall cause the man to speake many vaine trifles, we ought not to answer thereunto, or to speake much with him: But if any one will speake with him, let him say, I command thee, Oh thou unclean Spirit, by the word, power and virtue whereby thou wert cast out by Christ & his Apostles, that thou go out of this man, &c. He is no other way to be conjured; neither are these words to be taken for a Conjuration, but for an answer, by which alone he is not cast out; but this is first to be done, to wit, to watch and pray; for Christ saith, This kinde is onely to be cast out by fasting and prayer with saith.

Wherefore it is chiefly necessary to induce and force such as are thus possest, to prayer; though it be very difficult to be done, because the devil so Ruleth their tongues, that he suffereth them

them not to pray: Therefore there must be prayers made before them; and if they will not pray with and after those that are praying, they must be more sharply dealt withall; That is to fay, the possessed must be fast bound both his hands and feete, and afterwards let some other man lie across over them, and shew himfelf to be very angry with them, and feverely compel them to prayer: but he ought to pray before them, and to exhort them to pray after him the same words. By this meanes such people may be induced to pray, when they cannot be brought to it by any other meanes; which ought to be continued day by day, and the devil will go out of them and leave them. This shall suffice to have spoken concerning the casting out of uncleane and evil Spirits, because I am restrained to use brevity in other places.

CHAP. X.

Of Tempests

Hat we may now come to speak of the original of Tempests, & how they may be expelled away; Also how and by what meanes any one may preserve himself and his from Thunder, lightning and haile: We shall declare in the first place, that all Tempests do proceed from the four Capital windes, viz. the East, South, West, and North: Then from the Centre of both,

that

that is to say, of the Aire and Firmament, there are no tempests can arise; But from the sour Fountaines before spoken of, which comes chief-

ly to be considered.

Wherefore he that desires to preserve his goods, House, Lands, garden, field, meadow, and such things from all manner of thunder, haile and Tempest; he ought first to know these things, whereby he may also know how to assimilate inferiours to Superiours. We will therefore in this place briefly declare the original of all

Tempelts.

The original of tempests is certainly nothing else, but the appearance of Spirits; and lightning or corrulcation preceding, is the presence of them: whereby it may be certainly known, whether those tempests will pass away with or without danger; and that after this manner is to be understood; to wit, as a stranger will not enter into any ones house, unless first he speake, so these Spirits do not appeare unto us without speaking first. But their voice is thunder, which as we see immediately follows every flash of lightning. Also if a stranger should suddenly fly into the house of another, where he is not known; it seems to signifie no good, but evil rather; either he himself is prosecuted by others, or else brings some damage to them. So likewise are we to understand of the lightning of heaven; the more quick it comes, the more dangerous it is, for commonly some Thunder-bolt followes. It is therefore very necessary to know how every one may defend and save himself herefrem, that he fall not Occult Philosophy.

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into some place that he would not, or receive fome other hurt: the Ringing of Bells do availe nothing in these cases; although I do not reject them, especially in such tempests as are caused by Magicians inchantments, by reason of the Spirits by them raised in the Aire. For the Spirits do love silence and quietness, whereby it comes to pais that great noises, as the founds of bells and Trumpers, do partly diminish and disperfe tempests by them stirred up: But in Thunders and haile they do no good, as the Monks and Sacrificers have to their loss too often found. And for this cause they used ceremonies, wherewith they seduced the Vulgar and common people, perswading them that besprinkling places with holy water (as they call it) preferved them fafe from Thunder and haile; likewife by burning holy candles, or some palme, or other herb by them sanctified, or with the perfume of Frankincense, or Myrrhe of these sacrisicers they were preferred fecure.

O thou fool; and unwife facrificer and Monk, who are hitherto Ignorant of these things; and understandest them not, in this place thou mayst be taught the contrary; how that Malignant Spirits are not driven away with sweet persumes, but are mightily delighted therwith, and do run more freely & swiftly to them, then to stinking smells; whether they be good Spirits or evil. But if in stead of Frankincense and Myrrhe, you had taught to have made a sumigation of Assa Fetida, you might therewith drive away both good and evil Spirits: For the good odour of Frankincense

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Now to return to that which we intended to write of and first how any place may be preserved from Thunder and haile: note therefore, that to place a preservative in the centre of a house, garden, or field, &c. availeth not at all; but at the four Angles, East, West, South, and North; then the place shall be secured: as a building set upon four Pillars is more strong and sirme then that which is founded onely upon one, which is fer in the middle of the centre, or some other place: this is more easily overthrown by the winde or Spirits. Now the materials which belong to this preservative, and of which these four pillars are made, note that they confilt of simple bodies, every one whereof is sussicient, and hath strength and virtue in it self for the effects before spoken of: As Mugwort, St John's wort, Perewincle, Celandine, Rue, Devils bir, and many such herbs and roots, and especially if they be gathered and taken in the right influence.

There are also other things of far greater strength and vertue; as Coral, Azoth; and one of the Characters before spoken of being drawn in a certain table, or ingraven: In these three things is a great secret against all Inchantments and workes of witches and the Devil himself. In which preservatives we may trust in our great-

est necessities.

CHAP. X I.

Of the great abuse of the Magicke Art by them that use it for Negromancy and Witch-crast.

"He Magicke Art in it felf, is the most fecret and occult science of all supernatual things in the world: That those things which are impossible to be searched out by humane reasons, by this Art, to wit, Magick, it may be found out and known: wherefore it is the most occult and fecret wisedom; and reasoning against it, is nothing else but extream folly. It were therefore very necessary that the Divines would learn to know something of this Art, and be experienced in Magick what it is; and not fo unworthily, without any ground at all, to call it Witchcraft. The Magical science were very profitable for them to know, feeing they will undertake to be the Masters and reachers of the holy Scriptures, and perswade themselves to be so: Not that I would have them use the Magical Art, or operate any thing by it; but to be expert therein, and to know the virtues and effects thereof, for the high and great mysterious secrets which are hidden in the holy Scriptures, delivered by the Apostles, Prophets, and Christ himself; and which we by our humane reason cannot understand nor fearch our.

What Divine that is Ignorant of Magicke,

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can cast out the Devil, drive away or binde a Spirit, or that can call one unto him, and command him to come? or that which is far less can he heale the fick, or administer any other help to him by his faith alone? I wil be filent of his removing a mountain into the Sea. There followeth then that faith whereof Christ speaketh, of which they understand neither much nor little: Nevertheleis they make a great shew and profession thereof with their mouthes, and do teach and speake much thereof; but themselves know not how to make proofe thereof, or to give any figne thereof, by their faith, whereby it may be faid that they understand this faith, and to make use of it in the proofe thereof. But if any one should come, who by his faith and Magicke should perform a good signe, you having not the reason of knowing whether it be good or evil, will forthwith call him a Negromancer and Witch, because he hath done something above your reason and humane wisdom; when you your selves cannot tell how to discerne a Negromancer or Witch, from a Magician.

Magicke is therefore a most necessary and pure Art; not desiled nor corrupted with any Ceremonies or Conjurations, as Nigromancy: For in Magicke there is no use of Ceremonies, Confecrations, Conjurations, Blessings or Curses; but of faith alone whereof Christ speaks, saying, that by it we shall be able to remove Mountains and cast them into the Sea; And to compel, loose, and binde all Spirits: This is the true founda-

tion and Instrument of Magicke.

Truely

Truely therefore it is a thing chiefly necessary to looke into this ART, that it be not turned into superstition and abuse, and to the destruction or damage of men; and hereby it is made Nigromancy, and Witch-craft; and at length, not undefervedly, so called by all men, because Witches and Sorcerers have violently intruded themselves into the Magicke Art, like Swine broke into a delicate Garden. So is Magicke corrupted and made Nigromancy by these perfidious men; wherefore it hath not undefervedly been burnt in the fire with these Witches and Sorcerers. For these kinde of men are the most nocent and hurtful, and the worst enemies to mankinde, that they have not worfe enemies in all the world, which profecute them with a more deadly hatred: from a present publique enemy, and corporal persecuter, who endeavoreth to invade us with the most cruel weapons, Guns, or Darts; we may beware of such a one, or take up Arms against him for our defence, with Brigandines or Darts, &c. or else a man may carry in his house, and keep himself, suffering none to enter in but his Friends. But of these Witches and Sorcerers, no man can beware or defend himself, because against this kind of Enemies of God and men, no Weapons, Coats of Mayl or Brigandines will help, no shutting of doors, or locks; for they penetrate through all things, and all things are open unto them. And if any one were inclosed in Towers of Iron or Brass, he would not thereby be secured from these enemies; Although in their own proper

bodies they seldom bring hurt to any one, but raise up, and send Spirits unto them, by their corrupt Faith, and hurt them in some part of their bodies, although they are absent from them an hundred miles distance; they either smite, wound, or kill them, although no outward and external wound can be seen appear: because they cannot hurr the outward man, but only the internal spirir. Wherefore no Coats of Mayl can defend them, be they never fo good; but they must put on other weapons and fortifications, to wit, the Armor of Faith: This is the true way, and then let him be clothed with a Linen garment, the wrong end turned upwards: and after that hath been often worn, thou shalt be more safely delivered, than if thou wert armed and girt with all manner of weapons.

Although there are many preservatives which will keep and defend men from all these Fascipations and Witchcrafts which are wrought by the arifing of these evil Spirits, such as are Coral, Azoth, and the like, which being used according to their due use and order, will well preserve from these enormities before spoken of. For the prevention and preservation from them is easie, but the cure is difficult; neverthelets it is possible: But in such cases, the proceeding thereunto must hemagical and supernatural: From thence sprung that faying which some use, That none can better help the bewitched, than them that hurt them: This is a true faying which cannot be contradisted ; but they which use it, understand not the Cause of this thing, neither can they give any

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reason thereof, why Witches do best of all, most happily, readily, and surely help, and Cure the bewitched: Therefore of this thing you shall be

here sufficiently instructed.

Some Witches make and form Images in the form and likeness of some man which they propose to themselves, and conceive in their own minds; and do stick a nail in the sole of his foor, and after this manner hurt the man, that he invisibly feeleth the pain of a nail in his foot, and is so tormented therewith, that he is not able to go, until the nail is pulled out of the foot of the Image; which being drawn away, the man is healed: which no man knoweth better how to do, than he that fixed the nail in the Image; nor where it was fixed, or what the Cause of the Disease was.

It oftentimes also cometh to pass, that after the same manner a nail is somtimes by these witches fixed in the teeth of the Image of the man, so that afterwards he cannot take any rest in his teeth, unless the nail be taken away, or his teeth drawn out : In like manner are nails struck into any other members of the Image by these arch-Sorcerers, and hereby they hurt men without making any impression or signe thereof upon their skin.

Oftentimes also it to happeneth to men, that there arise Tumors in their heads or elsewhere about their bodies, which are like Pushes; or skycolour spors, that appear suddenly and vex men in their bodies, as if they had been beaten with knotted Ropes: to whom any such accident

happeneth without any visible blow or bruise to be perceived; he will not judge any otherwise, but that he is smitten by these Images.

It is too often feen to fall our, that a man fometimes loseth an Eye suddenly, or is struck quite blind; or deaf in one, or both Ears; damb, or some imperfection in his speech; crooked, lame, or dieth; all which accidents are wrought by Witches, through the divine permission: All which are Magical acceptions and torments, and are made and completed by the Ascendants.

In these Cases the Physicians ought to take heed, and be advised, that when they perceive fuch kinds of Discases to be supernatural, that then they do not judge them to be natural Difeases, and so think to Cure them with their common Apothecaries Medicaments: For thereby they will reap nothing but diffrace, which often happens to many of them: It is a cross (say they) or afflistion by God laid upon them, which no Physician can help. Oh you Quacksalvers, it is not as you think, but indeed it is a chastisement, by the permission of God, wrought by Witches and evil men; wherefore the Physician ought to consider the Signs, whereby he may know, and judge of the Disease; and thereby may inform himself which way to effect the Cure thereof: And Medicines are to be used, and applied there-

In the first place it is necessary that he ask the Patient, How, and in what manner the Disease took him, or happened unto him; what was

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the original of the evil, Whether it were occafioned by any fall, blow, thrust, bruile; or if any other natural Cause can be perceived; or that there be any Flux, or inward corruption of blood: but if none of these signs appear, then let him again demand of the Parient, Whether he bath any body in inspirion that is n enemy, or one not wishing well to him, that might be a Witch? If he answer that he hath some mistrust of any such, then he shall judge that it hath happened to him as is above declared. Therefore it is most necesfary for the Physician to understand rightly after what manner he is to deal with the Patient, if he desire to be perfect in this art. But the Ancients have not written at all any thing concerning this kinde of Cure, neither Galen nor Avicenna, nor any other; we shall therefore lay down the manner of the Cure in Order, which follows.

They who are bewirched, cannot be Cured any better, than by hurting again the same place afflicted; that is, by making (through Faith and imagination) such a like member as is hurt, or else a whole Image out of Wax, which he shall either anoint or binde up with Plaisters, where the Tumors, Signs, or Spots be, is a present help for that person in whose name it shall be made; and the pain shall cease, &c. But if he be so bewitched, that he is in danger to lose an eye, his hearing; or be impedited in the Generative saculty of his privy Members, in his Speech, or hath his Members made crooked or wreathed awry; then let there be made an Image of the whole body of Wax, with a firm Faith, upon

which

which Image let the intent of your imagination be firmly fixed; and afterwards let the whole Image be confumed with fire in due order. Make no wonder that people bewitched are thus easily Cured: neither be like the Sophisters of the Academies, who scoff and deride at such things; and fay, That they are impossibilities, and against God and Nature, because they are not taught in their Schools.

It follows then, fince they are true, That a Physician ought not to rest only in that bare knowledge which their Schools teach, but to learn of old Women, Egyptians, and fuch-like persons; for they have greater experience in such

things, than all Academians. We come to speak also of the Dartings and Jaculations of all Witches, as the Inchanters and Witches do call them; when they afflict any man, that they insert ashes, hairs, feathers, bristles of

Hogs, fins of Fishes, and such like things into the foot, or some part of the body, without any

opening of the skin.

But how, or after what manner this is done, we shall not here speak of; lest if it be known to some, it may be by them made use of to do evil; wherefore we shall pass it over, it being only necessary to write of the manner of the Cure, that the same likewise may be effected without opening of the skin, and such griefs taken away. The way and use of the Ancients in such kinde of Cures, is especially to be avoided, who used to lance the part affected with Razors, about the centre thereof, and that very deep, where there

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are no hairs, nor any thing else to be found : and by that way of proceeding, do afflist the Patients with most intolerable torments, as if they were racked in the hands of the hangman: for by this kinde of Remedy, very few are Cured, but many have thereby lost their lives. Wherefore this proceeding is quite to be left, and a better to be chosen: which is: Let some quantity, the whole, or half, much or little, of the like injaculated matter, which may be found and buried either in an Elder or Oak, and fixed with a wedge towards the East; which being done, there needs not any greater labor, for then that which remains may be extracted from the body, and the Cure will follow without using any other Remedy: But it will be otherwise, if the extracted matter be not placed in a right place; whatfoever it be, it causeth hurr, and diminisheth nor the in-Wherefore it were to be jaculated marter. wished, that it might be extracted from the body of man, without labor or pain, without making any incision, combustion, or opening thereof: It is therefore especially to be noted, that the same ought to be done by the virtue of the Magnes, (which attracteth all bewitched matter to it felf:) fuch as is Oak-leaves, Celandine, Azoth, and powder of Coral: which if any one of them be by himself bound and fastned about the Centre, in 24 hours it will extract from the body all such matter, as by any such means of Witchcrast is injaculated therein.

I shall only add this one thing, which is a common faying, used by many to say, I am an enemy

to,

90 Paracellus of, &c.

to, and hate such Witches and Sorcerers; wherefore I am fure they cannot hurt me : And this is firmly believed by such kinde of faithless and ignorant men, that those Witches and Sorcerers that they hate, can do them no hurt; but only fuch as they love, and give fomthing to, &c. But this is false: for whosoever they are that are their enemies, do also give them thereby an occasion to use harred and enmity towards them; and from that Spring at last arises the Persecution, according to the manner, power, and proprieties of the enemies. But if we would refult them that they cannot hurt us, we must do it by Faith; . for that confirms and strengthens all things, raifeth up, and casteth down, and performeth all things

The end of Occult Philosophy, of Paracellus.



P



PARACELSUS
Of the Mysteries of the Signes
of the Zodiack:

Being the Magnetical and Sympathetical Cure of Diseases, as they are appropriated under the Twelve Signes ruling the parts of the Body.

The Prologue.



T is without doubt, that many will be much ravished with admiration, when they see these my Writings brought into the light, because of the admirable efsects & vertues which

are found in Metals, being first rightly and duely

duly prepared with the hand and art: which among many people, are held and accounted to be superstitious and wicked operations, and against nature; that they are idolatrous operations, and that the help of the Devil is used to bring them to perfection. They fay, How can it be posfible, that Metals being engraven upon only with Characters, Letters and Words, should have any such power, unless they were prepared through the Graft and Affistance of the Devil! To these we Anfwer, I hear you give Credit to them, and do believe that they have power and virtue, being prepared by the help of the Devil, and do operate through him; And are you not able also to believe that God. who is the Creator of the whole Work of Nature, hath as much power in Heaven, and also that he giveth power and virtue to those operations in Metals, Herbs, Roots, Stones, and fuch like things ? But in your judgment you feem to make the Devil more wife and powerful, than the only Omnipotent Lord God, who of his great Mercy, hath Created all Metals, Herbs, Roots, Stones, and all things whatfoever, that live, or move, in, or upon the Earth, Water and Air; and hath endued

endued them with their several degrees of virtue, for the benefit and use of mankind: It is also most certain, and approved by experience evidently. That the Changes and Mutations of time, have great and powerful strength and operation; and that chiefly in Metals, which are made in a certain determinate time, as it is manifest to many, and very well known to us by fun-No man likewise can dry experiences. teach that Metals are dead substances, or do want life; seeing their oyls, salt, sulphur, and quintessence are the greatest Preservatives, and have the greatest strength and virtue to restore and preserve the life of man, before all other Simples, as we shall teach in all our Remedies assigned thereunto: Certainly if they had not life, how could they help Diseases, and restore the decayed Members of the Body, by putting life, and stirring up corporal vegetation in them: as in Contractures, the Stone, Small-pox, Dropfie, Falling-fick. ness, Phrenzy, Gout, and several other Diseases, which for brevities sake I omit to mention. Therefore I fay, That Metals, Stones, Roots, Herbs, and all other Fruits have life in them, though of divers kinds, according to their Creation and growth, and and the due observation of the time contingent thereunto. For the times have in them singular power and virtue; which manifestly appeareth, and may be proved by sundry Arguments, which we shall not here produce, since they are so commonly known. For it is not our intent here to treat of things that are so cleerly known; but of more weighty and undiscerned secrets, which to sence seem contrary.

Characters, Letters, and Signes, &c. have several virtues and operations; wherewith also the nature of Metals, the condition of Heaven, and the influence of the Planets, with their operations, and the fignifications and proprieties of Characters, Signes, and Letters, and the obfervation of the times, do concur and agree together. Who can object that these Signs and Seals have not their virtue and operations, one for infirmities in the head, being prepared in his time; another for the fight; another for gravel in the Reins and Stone, &c. but every one is to be prepared in his own proper time, and helpeth fuch and fuch infirmities, and no other; as drink is to be taken within the body, and not otherwise ! but all this is to be done by means, by the help and affiftance of the Father

The Prologue.

Father of all Medicines, our Lord Jesus

Chaift, our only Savior.

But if any one shall object, that Words and Characters have no virtue; and fay as well as others, That they are of no more power than a bare Mark, or naked Cross or Signe; Also, that and xwas, hath no more power in the Greek tongue, than in the German, but only fignifies the death. of a Serpent, or some such thing: Let him tell me, who believeth fuch things, from whence it comes to pals, That Serpents in Helvetia, or Suevia, do understand these Greek words, Osii, esija, osii; since the Greek tongue is not so vulgar in those Countries, that venemous worms should understand it, or in time learn it? How should they come to understand them, or in what Universitie have they learned them, that as foon as ever they hear these words, they will immediately stop their eares with their tayles, that they may not hear them again ? For no fooner do they hear these words, but immediately they lie still, contrary to their natures, not hurting, or offering to bite or cast any venome at any man; and afterwards if they hear any man to approach towards them, they fuddenly fly into their holes. If thou dost

H 2

fay that nature doth effect this, it is the fame which I did expect thou shouldest answer: but if Nature worketh this upon a Serpent, why doth she not the same among all other Greatures ? But if you should fay, That the noise of the mans voice effecteth it, and that thereby the Serpents are terrified and stupisfied; or that it is done by any power in the man; why then do they not in the same manner lie still when a man maketh a far greater noise, either crying out, or dischargeth a Gun, or the like

Characters and Seals have likewise in them wonderful virtue, which is not at all contrary to nature, nor superstitious: Also, if you say that words are of no effect, but as the bare voice of men; I fay on the contrary, if you write the same words in Parchment, or Paper, in a selected time, and put it upon a Serpent that is taken, in what manner you will, he will remain and lie still, as if you had spoken the same words.

Neither is it any wonder, that Medicines can help men not taken into the body, but only hanged about the neck as Seals: For it is common to the Bladder with Cantharides, That it turneth his Urine

The Prologue.

into Blood; that holdeth Cantharides close in his hand, the Bladder holding the Urine, and containing it that it cannot

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pass out of the Body, the hand being held far from the Body.

Some Creatures do retain the same virrue after they are dead, as I prove by the Bird called the Kings Fisher, whose skin being taken off from his carcale, and being dried, and hanged up upon a nail, will cast his feathers many years, and new ones will grow again; and that not only for one or two yeers, but many yeers one after ano-

But if you further enquire, out of what Author or Writer I read of these virtues. or where I learned fuch experience; I anfwer you Sophisters and Contemners of the Gifts of God, that very Nature her felf demonstrated before your eyes, doth far excel all the Authors and Writers of the world. I pray tell me which of your Authors or Writers taught the Bear, when his fight is dimmed by reason of the abundance and superfluity of his blood, to go roa stall of Bees, which by their stinging him, pierce his skin, and cause an effusion of the fuperfluous blood? What Physitian prescribed the herb Dittany to be me-

H 3

dicine

cine for the Hart? or who taught the Serpent the virtue of Briony and Dragonwort: who taught the Dog to take Grais for his Cordial and Purge ? And who prescribed the salt Sea-water to the Stork for a Clyster? Did you teach this knowledge to them? or do not they teach you? The same might I speak of infinite other Animals, that know naturally the Cure of their own Discases. What! Have the Bruit-beasts taught the Medicinal Art? If you fay, It's a Natural instinct, and that Nature teacheth them, so say I too. Nature hath infused so much reason into Bruit-beafts, how much more should men learn thereby, who are made according to the Image of God, the Creator of all things; and are indued with reason from God, to confider and contemplate fuch things ?

Also to say that things outwardly applied, and not substantially entring into the body, cannot Cure any Diseases, is false: For the Sun, which giveth us light, warmth, splendor, and insuseth life into all things, penetrateth into the most occult and close Mansions of the Earth; and doth yivisie and quicken all things that lie under the earth, even to the centre thereof.

For

For who can deny that in Spring-time, especially, the Sun penetrateth into the most fecret places of the earth, giving heat and warmth thereunto, when it shines only upon the upper part thereof? From whence the roots of all things therein receive juyce, strength, and life? and why therefore may not the splendor of Nature, and the influences of the Heavens, Stars, Planers, and other means which we use to extract out of Metals, Herbs, Stones, and fuch like things, give their virtue into the bodies of men, and penetrate into the inner and private members thereof ? as into the Nervs, Veins, and other internal Defects lurking in the flesh and blood of men, and have been there a long time growing. Dileases, Infirmities, and Accidents, are divers; so likewise are the feveral Cures thereof to be opposed to them according to their qualities, in their peculiar dayes and times: Against which also, Metals do best of all help; being prepared and used in due time and means: As if I should undertake to Cure the Leprosie with Gold; what should hinder but that an Oyl made thereof may Cure it by Unction: Also, if I should anoint the Small Pox with Oyl of Mercury, do you think H 4

think I am able to Cure them with this Mercury? without doubt; especially if I observe a fitting time for this purpose, without which last means, all anointings are in vain, although the fick were bathed in Oyl of Mercury: But in fuch Diseases where the Mercurial medicines are not sufficient, we ought then to use other remedies: which unless I should do, having a due respect to the observation of time, not only the Unations, and all labor besides. will be vain and fruitlefs, but they will bring the Patient into a worse condition : for it is most certain, that Diseases come to men for the most part from the power and influences of the Stars upon the bodies of men, yet not so suddenly that the same can presently be perceived, like a stripe, or the Falling-sickness. But they do encrease in process of time by little and little as it were a distillation, as oyl causeth water to wax fat by drops falling into it. A man may also perceive his own defects, by the shrinking or decaying of his Members, lots of Appetite to meat and drink, pain, &c. according to the condition and property of every Disease, the operations of the Stars, and the accidents by the Air, prepared and attracked upon us. -

PARACELSUS Of the Mysteries of the Signes of the Zodiack:

Being the Magnetical and Sympathetical Cure of Diseases, as they are appropriated under the Twelve Signes ruling the parts of the Body.

CHAP. I.

Of the Common Griefs of the Head.



PARA-

He Common Diseases and Pains of the Headare various: Some proceed from our own proper petulancy, through the excess of meat and drink; others come from evil vapors ascending from

the Stomach to the Head, and they proceed from feveral feveral Causes, which in this place we intend not to treat of; but only of the more grievous Diseases of the Head, which follow.

CHAP.II.

Of the Falling-Evil.

The first thing to be taken notice of in this Disease is the sens of the Falling. when Disease, is the signs of the Falling; whether they happen at certain equal times, months, dayes, and hours, and how often; or whether they be unequal, happening at divers times; and whether a little before they fall, the Patients do use to shake and stagger a little, or whether they fall to the ground fuddenly, and unawares: which being perceived, if they fall at certain times and hours, then the Disease doth not take them so suddenly; neither do they presently fall. But if it come at unequal times and hours, the contrary will be seen to happen; to wir, the falling comes upon them unawares. The first kind, to wir, when there is a little shaking and staggering before the fall, is mortal: But if they perceive the fall before it come, the Dilease is accounted nor to be so dangerous, but more Curable; which proceedeth not from Nature, as the first; nor is not common therewith, wherfore it less weakeneth: The first brings Phrensie, and Madness; but the other is a falling Dilease. The Cure of these, is thus; First,

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First, Consider in what day, and what hour he Fell the last time, and write it: then see what Planet rules that hour; also the sign and degree of the Patient are to be known.

Then the yeers of the Patient are to be numbred, and his Sex, which also keep noted in writing; then give this Medicine every day in the morning to drink; which followes,

Re of the Spirit of Vieriol, Quintessence of Antimony, each 5 drops. Quintessence of Pearle, 4 drops.

Give all these in the morning to the Patient to drink in a little draught of Rose-water, and let him sast four hours afterwards: Let him use this proceeding by the space of 29 dayes; and in the mean time, prepare the Lamen sollowing, made after this manuer,

Re of pure Gold, \(\frac{3}\) is, and when the Moon comes to the 12 degree of Cancer, then lignific the Gold in an Earthen-pot, and then let it be poured out into pure clean water. Afterwards mark when there comes a Conjunction of two Planets in the Heavens, and at that time precisely melt again this Gold, and in the point of the Conjunction, poure in \(\frac{3}{3}\) is, of the most perfect and fine \(\rightarrow\), that there may be an equal mixture of the \(\rightarrow\) and cold, make it into a Plate, that it may be four fingers bredth on both sides; then cut it into the form of a triangle, as appears in this figure.

Heat this Lamen very hor in the fire, and then let it rest until you find the *Moon* in the same signe & degree that she was in at the time of the coming of the last fir before;

and in the same hour, carve and ingrave these Signs and Characters, beginning with the Letters as they are set uppermost, in the Lamen of Gold and Silver. And you must make haste, that the Figures and Marks be all made and finished in the same hour, or else all your labor is in vain. The figne of the Planet of the hour in which the Fit of the Disease fell, is first to be engraven in the middle of the Lamen, as you may see it is in this foregoing Figure, which was made for James Senz, Bishop of Salisburgh, now living; who fell in the hour of \(\varphi \): Make the rest of the Signes as you see in the Figure, only this excepted, that for a Woman, instead thereof you shall put this Cha-

racter: and under the other the Age of the Patient, as in the Figure you shall see 34, so many yeers old was the faid James Seitz. Therefore the number of yeers is to be written to every Disease according to the Age of the Parienr The

Celestial Medicines.

The Figure being now prepared according to the directions; after a Fit cometh, command that his Hair be shaven off from the Crown of his Head, according to the Latitude of the Lamen: Then presently where he fell and lieth, with art and industry pour some of the Secret before prescribed into his mouth, and so hold him that it may descend into his Stomach: then forthwith apply the Lamen to the place shaven, fo that the Sculpture may touch the naked flesh, and let it be bound on that it fall not off; which being done, let the Patient be carried to some place where he may quietly fleep. And after that Fall, without doubt he will never Fall more, although he hath had the Disease 30 yeers: But let him alwayes wear the Lamen about his neck. and shave his Hair at every Months end, in the fame place where they were first shaven.

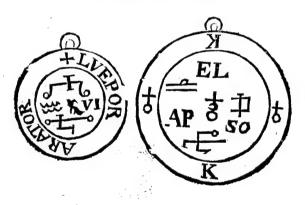
CHAP. III.

Some other Figures to Preserve the Sight.

Ake thee a round Lamen of the best Lead in the hour of Q, the D being in the Signe γ , and in the same hour; to wit, in the hour of 2, engrave the Signes and Letters which you fee written in the following Figure: Afterwards in the hour of 5 make a Copper Lamen of the same Quantity and Form as the Leaden one; when D is in the figne w, the Characters which

you see in the Figure, are to be engraven. And then both Figures are to be kept and preserved so long until φ comes into Conjunction with h: and then in the point of the Conjunction both the Figures are to be conjoyned together so, that the Characters and Signes may mutually touch one another; then close them fast with Wax, that they receive no moisture, and sew them up in a piece of Silk, and hang it about the Neck of the Patient on the day and hour of φ . This is the best Remedy to recover the Sight of the Eyes, and to preserve the Eyes from Pain and Diseases. It preserveth the Sight in old Age, as perfect as it was in youth.

To Preserve the Sight.



Celestial Medicines.

CHAP. IV.

Against Driness in the Brain, and other Diseases in the Head.

TAKE of the following Metals, well refined:

Of Gold, 3 fs. Of Silver, 3 ii. Of Copper, 3 i. Of Tynne, 3 iii.

Let them be all melted together in the point of the new Moon; then pour them out, and of that Mass make a piece of Plate of what Latitude you will: After that these Metals have been melted together, they must not be put into the fire any more. When the Planet 4 is in his own House, to wit, in x, let these Characters and Signes be engraven in the inner-fide of the Money, and in the back-fide of the Money let those words be written which you fee in the following Figure, in the superior part of the Circumserence of the Money: then let there be made a Ring of pure Gold, and affixed thereunto when the Moon is declining, for it to be hanged by: it matters not in what day the Ring be made, so that it be done in the hour of O. This Money being thus prepared, let it be hanged about the Neck of the Patient in the point of the new Moon.

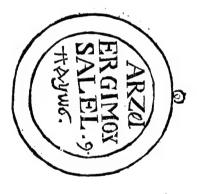
CHAP.

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Moon. It is of wonderful operation against all Dileases of the Head, and Brain.

For Diseases of the Brain.





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CHAP. V.

Against the Palsey, a most excellent Secret.

Por the Confolation of those that are afflicted with the Fits of the Palsey, to write a Remedy thereof, that not without cause, it may be called my Archidox, seeing it excelleth all other Cures: Although some Ancients have thought (but falsely) that this Disease is incurable. Therefore if any one be in any manner taken with this Disease, let him thus do,

Re of pure Gold, 3 ii. of Lead, 3 ii.

Both these Metals ought to be most purely refined. And first, when the Sun fits, going under the Earth, in the same hour (which you shall calculate according to the time of the year) melt the Gold in a new Earthen melting-pot, made and prepared for this purpose. Which being done, immediately after the Sun is set, cast the Lead into the Gold, and forthwith pour them out together, for the Lead will be dissolved by the Gold in a moment: Keep this Mais. Afterwards when D is in the 12 degree of the signe St, melt again this matter of O and B, and it will appear like Bell-metal; to which adde 3 drams of 2: but let it not be long in melting, but pour it out, and keep it. Then when D comes into the 12 degree

CHAP.

of m, melt this matter again, and cast into it one dram of 4, & presently pour it out; but cast it into a broad form, because it admits not of any impression neither of the Hammer or Scissers. Then keep it till o enters into the signe v, which

Against the Palsey.





commonly happens every yeer on the 10 day of March: Then engrave the Characters with the Signes and Words on both fides as you see them drawn in this Figure, and begin to engrave them in the hour of O. and finish them before the end of that hour. It needs not be observed what day the same be done, only this, that ⊙ be in v, as is a-bovefaid. The Money being thus prepared is to be kept; And when the Palsey taketh any one, let the time, day, and

hour be diligently enquired of the beginning of the Dilease; and the same hour of that day, let the Signe be hanged about his Neck. This is a great Mystery: but in the mean time let the Aurum Potabile of our description be adminifired to the Patient.

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CHAP. VI.

Against the Stone and Sand in the Reins.

The Money against the Stone, consists of 4 Metals: to wir, of Gold, Silver, Tynne, and Lead: As followeth.

Re of Gold, 3 iii. of Silver, 3 iii. of Tynne, 3 i. of Lead, 3 i. is.

Let all these Metals be melted together in a new Melting-pot for Gold, on Saturday at 10 of the Clock before noon, D increasing; which being meited, cast in Saltpeter mixed with Tartar, for this cause only, to make them the more tractable, and easie to be molten and wrought upon. Afterwards, let them be poured out and cast into the form of a Lamen, and let it be cut, and polithed, and filed in the hour of 3 and day of 9; but as yet, let nothing be engraven thereon. Also, the Ring is not to be forged, that it come not into the fire any more after the melting, but is to be formed with a File: wherefore the Lamen is to be poured our, and cast the larger and broader, that the Ring and Lamen may be both one piece. And if it can be, let the Lamen be so poured out after the melting, that by the mixture of divers Metals, especially of the Lead and Tynne, the brittle matter may evade

I 2

enc

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and the substance remain hard, that it may not be wrought with the Hammer, nor cut with Sciffers. This being done, then look for the Moon; and in the point of the New Moon, then begin the Sculpture: and make halte, that one fide of the Lamen may be finished in that hour, which is marked with the Letter A. Afterwards, let this Money be safely kept until some day of 4, when D is in Aspect with some good Planet, as 4, 9, or 2; then let the Words and Characters be engraven on the other-side, marked with B, in the hour of \$\nabla\$, as you see them in the following Figure. Then let the Lamen be hanged about the Neck of the Patient that hath the Stone, when the Moon is decreased, on the day and hour of D. The Ring ought to be made of Iron, to which the Lamen is hanged. Let the Patient also drink Wine every morning, wherein the faid Seal hath been steeped all night, and afterwards hang it about his Neck again. This doth wonderfully expel the Stone, and Sand or Gravel out of the Reins; for which thing also Spirit of Roman Vitriel is good to drink.

For the Stone in the Reins.



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CHAP. VII.

Of the Members of Generation.

The loss of Strength and Virtue in the Members of Generation, is a certain Sympathy proceeding from gross Fatness, which as a certain Spasma impedites the power of the Members of that place. This happens by divers accidents; some whereof are natural, others are against nature, by Witchcrast. For the Remedy of the natural Passion, we use this remedy: Let these Words, with the Charasters adjoyned, be written in new Parchment, which afterwards is to be bound about the not of the yard.

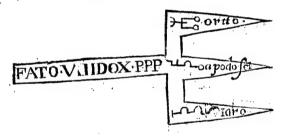
AVGALIRIOR GANIXWAPIN NIII

FT AM ON NOW WASTER

This Writing in Parchment ought to be renewed every day by the space of 9 dayes, before
Sun-rising every morning, by binding it, or
rowling it with the Writing backwards about
the Prepure, and there let it remain night and
day; and as often as you renew the Parchment,
or change it, let the old-one, which you take off,
be burnt to ashes, and let the Patient drink it in
a draught of warm wine. This is a most excel
I 3 lent

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lent Remedy, to be had with the least cost. But if any one desires to be preserved from these evils, let him wear about his Neck a Lamen of Silver, with the same Words and Signs engraven thereupon: Or if one make a Lamen of Gold, and engrave the same Words and Characters thereupon, it will be far better. But when it happens that this Disease is brought upon any one by Witchcrast, or some Diabolical Art, wrought by the malice of wicked people; let the Patient take a piece of a Horse-shooe found in the high-way, of which let there be made a Trident-Fork on the day of \$\bar{2}\$, and hour of \$\bar{1}\$, as you see in this Figure following.



The Fork aforesaid being made, let those Words with their Caracters be engraven upon the Three teeth, as you see in the Figure. And upon the Handle thereof, those Words and Signs which you see in the Figure, on Sunday before Sun-rising: which being done, let the Fork be fastned in the ground under a running Stream of Water, so deep, that the handle may not be seen, and that it cannot be found: by this means, thou shalt

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that he delivered in 9 dayes; and the person that hath wrought this mischief upon thee, shall get somthing himself in that place, som which he shall not so easily be delivered: So we ought to resist Diabolicall Arts by Nature, as Christ by the holy Scripture proposed to the Devil in the Wilderness.

CHAP. VIII.

That a Herse shallive Sound a long time.

Some will think that I write Witchcraft, or fome such like things; which are far absent from me. For this I certainly affirm, That I write nothing here, which is supernatural, and which is not wrought and effected by the power of nature and Celestial influences; and whereof, for the most part, we are not altogether ignorant. As this: Let & Sadler make a Bridle for a Horse of a Lyons Skin, and upon the Reyns thereoflet these Words and Characters following be written in their certain time. And you shall perceive this Horse to live not like a Horse, but like a Man; and longer, and his strength not to be abated: So that you do not use him extraordinarily, contrary to his wonted custome. Alto, according as you apply those Bridly-reins to him, he will live thirty or forty yeers, more or less, contrary to the common term of a Hories life. The Bridle is thus to be prepared, that it lerve

him

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him for a Halter, without a Bit. The Leather-Dr. firr ought to prepare this Skin in the hour of 4, that is, then to put it into his Pit; which being to prepared, let the Sadler cut the Thongs of it in the hour of 0, and afterwards make it into a Bit ile when you will. To this Bridle is to be affixed the Limens following in the hour of 2 upon the Thong of the Head, made of Tynne.

S. U. R. Q. L. R. E.

- 4 2° - F - 7 9/

Upon the Thong, going down from the Fore-head to the Noie, let there

be affixed these which follow, made of Copper in the hour of D.

4 7 φ.λ. y. π. το. SELE.

The following Lamens ought to be made of Silver, in the hour of 4; And affixed to the Bridle in the hour of 4.

Z. SS A.K.R.X.X.X.X.X. These which as last, ought to be

JAO LD

These which are last, ought to be made of Gold, and affixed to the Bridle in the hour of 3.3.9.

And apply this Bridle to the Horse in the hour of 1, then you shall see with what power Nature

Celestial Medicines. 117

Nature worketh in Words and Characters, where time is duly observed.

CHAP. IX.

An admirable Oyntment for Wounds.

Simpathy, or Compassion, hath a very great power to operate in humane things: As if you take Moss that groweth upon a Scull, or Bone of a dead body that hath lain in the Air, to wit,

Take of that Mss, 3 ii. of Man's Greafe, 3 ii. of Mummy, and Man's Blood, each 3 s. Linjeed Ovl, 3 ii. Oyl of Roses, and Bole-Armoniack, each 3 i.

Let them be all beat together in a Morter so long, until they come to a most pure and subtil Oyntment; then keep it in a Box. And when any wound happens, dip a stick of wood in the blood, that it may be bloody; which being dryed, thrust it quite into the aforesaid Oyntment, and leave it therein; afterwards binde up the wound with a new Linen Rowler, every morning washing it with the Patients own Urine; and it shall be healed, be it never so great, without any Plaister, or Pain. After this manner, you may Cure any one that is wounded, though he be ten miles distant from you, if you have but his blood.

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It helpeth also other griefs, as the pain in the Teeth and other hurts, if you have a stick wet in the Blood, and thrust into the Oyntment, and there left. Also, if a Horses foot be pricked with a nail by a Farrier or Smith, touch a stick with the blood, and thrust it into the Box of Oyntment, and leave it there, it will Cure him. These are the wonderful Gifts of God, given for the use and health of man.

CHAP, X.

The Weapon-Oyntmens.

Here may also an Oyntment be made, wherewith if the Weapons be anointed wherewith a wound is inflicted) the said wounds shall be cured without pain. This is made as the other, except only 3 i. of Honey, and 3 i. of Ox-sat is to be added to this. But because the Weapons cannot alwayes be had, the Wood aforesaid is better.

CHAP.

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CHAP. XI.

Against the Gout.

TAke of Mummy, Mastick, Red Myrrhe, Olibanum, Ammoniacum, Oppopanax, Bdelium, each 3 ii. Vitriol, sh ii. Honey, sh ii. Tarsar, 3 i. ss. Aquavita, gal. iii.

Let them be all Distilled together into an Oyl. Then take little Flyes, such as are bred in the dead Carcasses of Horses, and make an Oyl of them, being well bruised. With which Oyl of the Horse-slies, mix 3 ii. with 3 iv. of the other Oyl: These two Oyls being well mixed together, let them be Distilled again, and let this Distilled Oyl be preserved.

Then prepare the Characters, in manner following.

Rof pure Gold, pure Silver, filings of Iron, each 3 i. of Lead, 3 ii.

Let them be all melted together in the hour of the New Moon, by a very firong fire, that the filings of the Iron may be melted. For they will hardly melt, wherefore some Boras is to be added to them. Then let all the melted matter be poured

Paracellus of

poured out tog ther upon a broad smooth stone, that it may make a thin Lamen: for it cannot be wrought with the Hammer afterwards, because of the Iron: afterwards, when h is in Conjunction with 3, in the same hour let the Characters, Words, and signes of the Lamen be engraven thereupon, like two stamps of a piece of Money; and let them be musshed in that hour.

For the Gout.





Let both the said pieces of Money be engraven only on one side, in the hour of the said conjunction of h and d; and let them be so kept, that they touch not one another.

Afterwards let there be made a Sigil of pure Gold, not so thick as the other Lamen: when $\mathfrak P$ is in Conjunction with $\mathfrak P$, or $\mathfrak F$, let the Characters, Signes, and Words be engraven thereon. But note, that the Seals are to be conjoyned together when there is a Conjunction of $\mathfrak P$ and $\mathfrak P$: The second face of the Golden Seal, marked

Celestial Medicines.

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ed with the number 2, is to be turned against the engraven face of the superior Seal which nath not the Image of aman, and is marked with the number 4. But if 9 be in Conjunction with 3. then the second face of the Seal marked with the number 2, is to be turned upon the face of the upper Seal, which hath engraven upon it the image of a man, and is marked with the number 5. And when D comes to the 6 degree of 5 in the same order as is before shown, let the pieces of Money be both joyned together, the Gold being placed in the middle. Let them be all bored with one hole through the middle, and fastened together with an Iron-wyer, and let the Patient hang them about his neck. And let his Members be anointed with the Oyl before prescribed: hereby you shall try the powerful operations of Nature, even in such as are 60 yeers old.

The Picture of Golden Money for the Gout.





A Sympa-

A Sympathetical Oyntment against the Gout.

Let the Blood of the Patient afflicted with the Gour, be referved: Another you may know how to use it, Distil a Water from it in Balneo Maria.

Take hereof, 3 vii. to which adde, of Oyl of Roses, Venice Sope, each 3 ss. of Man's Grease, Bears Grease, juyce of Sengreen, each 3 i. Marrow of an Ox, 3 ss.

Let them be all gently boyled in a veffel of Brass, till they come to the thickness of an Oyntment; continually stirring it, lest it burn: Afterwards upon the eighth day of the Moor's encreasing, let the Soles of the Feet of the Patient be pricked with an instrument, as it uses to be done in Applications for the Winder and the place grieved being in this manner opened, let them be anointed with this Oyntment very hor, that it may penetrate. And by so doing 9 weeks, he shall be Cured cleer of the Gour.

This Oyntment will last 10 years in its full force and virtue, being kept in a cold place.

CHAP. XII.

Celestial Medicines.

Against Contractures.

O'll of Sulphur against Contractures and shrinking of Sinews, is not to be contemented, but rather to be esteemed as a principal Remedy against such infirmities. This Oyl is made as followerh: Take of the best Sulphur, the xv. Sublime it in a Cucurbice of Earth through a Glass Limbeck. Put the sublimed matter in a cool Cellar to disolve, and in success of time, it will be resolved into an Oyl. Then make the following Composition.

Re of Oyl of Sulphur, 3 ii. Black Soap, 3 iii. Aquavita, 3 v. Oyl Olive, Oyl of Roses, each, 3 1.

Let all these be boyled, as the other, unto an Oyntment for the Gout; alwayes having a care that the slame take it not: Let the Members be very well anointed with this Unguent for 30 dayes; causing the Patient to sweat in a dry Bath. It excellently helps contracted Members.

A Seal for Contractures.

Take what quantity you please of Gold thrice purified by Antimony; or if you will, the weight

CHAP.

Adde to it a little Boras, and mele of a Ducar. it when I is in the 19 or 20 degree of w; and cast into it, as soon as it is molten, 30 grains of the filings of x under the fame hour. Which being melted and mixt together, pour them out together, and let them foremain until D is in the same degree of m: Then melt it again, and cast in 30 grains of the filings of Iron, and pour it out again as at first. Then keep it till D is in a: and then form and fashion it fit for the Sculpture: which ought to be done in the hour of 4. You need not any further calculate according to the Course of p, till the Seal comes to be applied, having only respect to the hour beforehand, let the Signes which you see here drawn in the Figure, be engraven on both fides of the Money: This Money must be sewed up in a fine Cloth; and is to be hanged about the Neck by the Cloth only, and not by its own body, in the day and hour of 4, D encreasing.

For Contractures.





CHAP. XIII.

For Womens Terms

N inordinate Flux of this Difease, doth ex-A tremely grieve many Women, sometimes divers years: by so much the more healthy and strong such women are, by how much they have their Courses in their ordinary seafons, and are then delivered from them. From whence arises a twofold way of reducing them into due order. The first is, to stay the Flux, and reduce it into a due course : the latter is to be used in the desects thereof, to provoke them to an ordinary Flux: the defect of them bringeth death; wherefore to provoke them, let there be formed of pure Copper, without mixture of any. other metal, a Seal in the hour of 24 as is in the following Figure: But if the same cannot be perfectly finished in that hour elec it then remain unperfect until the same hour of 2 comes again, and then perfect it: The form whereof must be this.

CHAP.

For the Menstrue,



This Sigil ought to be formed with a File into one piece; and is to be bound with a string upon the Back of the woman through two Rings, applying it at the beginning of the Back-bone upon the Testes, laying the Sculpture upon the

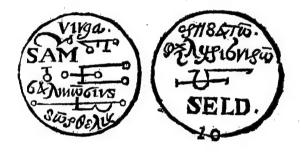
flesh, and that in the hour of D.

But if Nature suffer through too much abundant Fluxes, let the Characters be engraven in pure Silver in the hour of o, on both sides of the Money, as they are drawn in the following Figure. Then let them be wrapped and sewed up in silk, (for it must not be applied to the naked slesh) and let it be bound upon the Navel of the Woman, turning that face next her body which is marked with the number 10. And afterwards when the Flux begins to stay, let her wear

Celestial Medicines. 1

wear it 30 dayes, and then take it off: for if she wear it any longer, there is danger lest they be quite driven away and stopped; and so cause a greater hurt than the first,

For the Menstrue.



CHAP. XIV.

For the Leprosie.

This Disease comes to the Lepers from their Nativity, and not only by accidents. Wherefore we have many other Remedies for them, conducing much unto the Cure thereof. It is certain that Aurum Potabile drunk, doth palliage and hide the Leprose, but not quite take it out of the blood. The cause whereof is, because every clean and sound man hath Balsom, but the K 2 Leprous

Leprous persons have none in them; by reason whereof also it comes to pass, that they have no health in them: also, a congealed Member wanteth Baliom; and therefore it is infensible when the strength of the Gold comes into the Stomack, which afterwards distributeth it into the feveral Members of the Body; from thence re-

For the Leprosie.





sulteth a certain humidity which ingendereth the Balsom; wherefore the Leprosie ceaseth to increase, so long as there is any virtue or firength of the Gold in the Stomach. Also, a Physician cannot know or discern the Disease of Leprosie, if the Leprous person hath drunk Gold three dayes before his visitation. We intend not to speak in this place of such as are manifestly infected, but only of such whose Disease is doubtful.

If any do use the Sigil above written, and fuch like Remedies, let

them not doubt of help. Let this kinde of Sigil be made of pure Gold, and wrought into a Lamen in the hour of h; but the Characters ought to be ingraven in the hour of O, when D is in A,

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and o in the same sign; which usually happens in July. Let it be hanged about the Leper in the hour of 2, the Moon increasing: Let the Patient also drink Wine, wherein the same Sigil hath been some time steeped.

It ought to be renewed every year in July, for

this Sigil loseth its force in a year.

The Leprose working so frongly in the body of man, wherein it fixeth root.

CHAP. XV.

For the Vertigo.

Any who do labour with this dileafe, the M Heaven and Earth seems to them to turn like a wheel, and all things to run round. To orhers there seems a kinde of a Circle to flie before their eyes. This is a kinde of the Falling-Evil or Palsie more or leis. For there is such a Convulsion of the Brain, that the Spirits of the Sight and the Brain, are impedited by a certain gross thick vapour ascending from the Stomach to the head, through the optick Nerves. Against this Difease make the Sigil which follows.

In the hour of Mars, and day of Jupiter, the Moon in Aries, which is the best Aspest of Mars; but see that she hath no evil Aspect from any other Planet.

K 3

The

Take of @ 3 is. of 3 ii. of D D v.

Let these 3 Metals be purely refined and melted together into one. Let them be poured out and wrought into a very thin Lamen, and formed with a little Ear; afterwards when the Moon is in the 12 degree of Taurus, engrave the Signes which follow, and apply it to the Patient in the hour of the New Moon, on the very point that it first beginneth.

Use this Remedy with the Seal:

Re of Organum, grains 4. Of Unicorns-horn, grains 2. Musk, grain 1. Spirit of Vitriol, grains 6.

Let them be administred every morning in a spoon, about 3 a Clock after mid-night, continuing it 13 dayes; and after every time taking it, rest one hour.

For the Vertigo.





CHAP.

CHAP. XVI.

For the Cramp.

Mars; and let it be wrought into a Lamen, and thereof make a Sigil when the Sun is under the Earth, in the hour of Saturne. And then in the hour of Jupiter engrave these Characters and Signes with the words in the hour of the Sun; and apply it in the hour of the Sun when he is under the earth.

You may also make a Ring of the said Metals, on which engrave the same signes, and wear the Ring on the singer of the Heart; but this ought to be done in the time, day, and hour before prescribed.

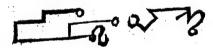
CHAP. XVII.

For the trembling of the Heart.

The Hearts of men do somtimes suffer trembling, especially of Nobles and great men; for seldom doth this Disease take poor and mean men or women. From whence may be seen how God Almighty hath so artificially K4 distri-

distributed passions to every state and Condition for their correction and admonition, without respect of persons. It is not to be numbered amongst easie Diseases: for where it begins to rule, it casts the Patient upon the earth, and bereaveth him of strength and sense, and somtimes of life. It riseth from the Membranes and receptacles wherein the Heart is involved, it being compressed with corrupt and ill Flegm. Against this, make a Sigil as follows, observing the due times.

First, in the day and hour of D, take of D 3 ss. which put and keep in a melting-pot until the hour of the Sun, which is the 4 hour following in the order of unequal hours; then melt it with the fire, and the D being melred, cast in two ounces of O purely refined, as the Dought to be; there two Metals being well melted and mixt together, leave them to cool in the Melting-pot by themselves, and keep them till the hour of Venus next following: then melt them again, and cast in two drams of pure 2 and pour it out; then work it into a Lamen with a Hammer, & prepare it ready for the engraving of the Signes: then mark when the Maon and Venus behold one another with a good Aspect; then engrave upon the Money these two Signes which you see here.



Afterwards

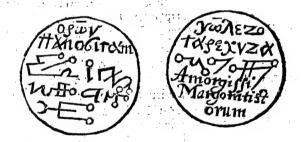
Celestial Medicines. 1

Afterwards in the point of the New Moon engrave these three Characters following under the other two.

auto of >E

Let it rest from that New Moon until the next Full Moon, and in the point of that Full Moon in the same face of the Money over all the Signes let these following words be written.

For the trembling of the Heart.



This being done, mark when the Sun enters Leo; and in the same hour of his ingression, inferibe the Characters and Words you see in the other figure, on the other-side of the Money; and let them all be begun and ended the same hour.

This Sigil being thus prepared and finished, is to be hanged about the Patients Neck in the hour

K 2, . .

hour and point of the Full Moon, that it may touch his naked flesh upon his Heart.

Against this trembling of the Heart, there is alfo a most excellent secret; our Aurum Potabile, and Quintessence of Pearl, of our description, also oyl of Coral prepared as followeth.

The manner of Preparing Oyl of Coral against the trembling of the Heart.

R of Coral, to i. Of Common Sale, manip. 3.

Let them be wrought into a most fine powder, and put it into a Glass strongly Luted according to the sequent description: Take common Clay, or Potters white Clay, ashes made of the bones of the heads of four-footed Beafts, filings of Iron, Glass in powder, common Salt, Ceruse, ம். which being wer, mingle them together, மு. put the luted Glass with the matter into Ashes contained in an Iron Kettle, according to art; kindle first a gentle fire, and increase it by degrees until the Spirit and Fumes do país into a Vessel below; then increase the fire more vehemently, until there remaineth no more moisture. This Oyl is a most excellent Remedy for the trembling of the Heart, taken alone by it self, without any thing elfe added to it.

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'An Appendix concerning Ruptures of the Bones.

In what manner foever Bones are broken, they are excellently well knit and confolidated, with the following Unguent, and are all orderly joyned.

Re Of Honey Zii. Of Antimony, and Oyl of Vitriol Zii. Of Badgers Grease, Deers Sewet, Bears Grease, and Sope, each Zi. Turpentine Zi.s. VVax Zii.

Let them be boyled into an Oyntment, and therewith let the Ruptures be anointed with a hot hand against the fire; it wonderfully Cures, Heals, and Consolidates, above all other.

The end of the first Treatise.



THE



The Second

TREATISE

OF Celestial Medicines,

The Mysteries of the Signes
Of the

ZODIACK.



He Heaven is compassed about with a large Circle in a Circuir which we call the Zodiack, and is divided into Twelve equal parts: these are named with the Names, and Designated

with the Characters which follow:

Y Aries

Celestial Medicines.

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Y Aries.
Taurus.
Gemini.

S Cancer.

N Leo:

my Virgo.

im Libra.

m Scorpio.

The Seal of \(\gamma\) is made of the following Metals.

R 33fs. 03ii. D3i. 23fs.

These Metals, in the day, hour, and very point wherein the Sun enters the first degree of Aries, (which for the most part happens the tenth day of March, or thereabouts) are all to be melted together with a very strong violent sire; but first the Iron is to be reduced into silings, or else it will not be melted. They being all melted and prepared, on the day of 3, p being in the 9 or 1 o degree of Aries, or thereabouts, which is once every month: in the same hour it ought to be sinished; but is to be applied when Mars is in the Ninth House of Heaven, or the Eight.

Aries.

738





This Seal is a most certain Experiment to Cure all Fluxes and Catharres defcending from the Head upon the Brain, &c. For it purgeth the Brain, and drieth up all Flegm of the Head, and all Diseases which appertain to the Head; it amen-deth all Maladies thereof, being worn night and day, the Signe of Aries being turned next the Brain.

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The Seal of Taurus is made of the Metals following.

Re Of a 3i. Of 4 3i. Of & 3is, Of

They are all to be mixed together by melting them, the Sun being in Tauru, which every yeer happens about the eighth day of April. And in the very point of the Suns ingress into this signe, this Seal must be begun, and forthwith sinished, or else the whole work will be frustrate. And when the Moon is in the 10 degree of Taurus, it is to be applied.

For the expedition of this work, there may be engraven some stamps of Iron sirst, wherewith the Seal may be coined after it is melted, whereby all the Signes and Words are quickly imprinted. So all the other Seals may be done: for oftentimes the hour slips away before they can be finished, and then happens the greatest detriment to this work. Wherefore the time is chiefly to be noted, as having the greatest power in these operations,

The

Taurus.

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Paracellus of

Taurus.





The Nature and Property of this Sigil, giveth a most excellent Remedy to them who have lost their Generative Virtue: if it be so hanged that it may touch the Navel, the Sign Taurus being turned next the slesh and the body, it giveth the best help to men or women.

The Seal of Gemini.

Re of Gold and Silver, of each 3 i.

Let them be both melted together the Sun entring the Signe Gemin; which happens about the 10 or 11 day of May, according to the course of the yeer. Wherefore the yeer wherein

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the Sigil is to be made, you must first calculate: There are two Lamens to be made out of the mixture of the aforesaid Metals, whereupon the Signes are to be engraven as they are posited in the following Figures, when the Moon is in the figne of Lee or Pisces: but the Seal being perfested, is to be applied at such time when \vec{y} is in the first House of Heaven; the air gentle, milde, and serene. That face of the Money that hath the signe m, is to be turned towards, and worn upon the naked skin: both the said Lamens are to be connexed together with a Circle made of the same matter, almost a singers breadth to be afunder in the middle, that they may not touch one another, with thele faces, or fides, that are without signes: for there must be so great distance between them, that there may be a Pipe interposed, that may receive a Goose-quill full of Quickfilver, and afterwards to be flopped with Massick: it must also contain a Pipe of Metal, which much hold the Quill: when the work is completed, let the Quick-filver be poured into the Quill, the day and hour of Mercury, the Moon decreasing.

The rest was desired in a German example, even the strength and virtue of this kind of Sigil, for which it is made: but that we may not here traduce you, until perhaps hereaster by some examples it may be made known; we will not seign any thing of our selves, which might agree therewith. In the mean time, if any have so great a desire to know the power and virtue thereof, that they cannot stay in expectation of it, seek

L '

ta

to the most approved Authors in Astronomy, what are the Virtues of Gemini, in producing Diseases and other things: And then at last, according to the process of the preceding and following Signes, maturely judge.

Gemini.



Cancer.

The Sigil of this Signe is made of most pure Silver, in that hour when Sol enters the signe Canver, (which uses to be about the 10 or 11 day of June) but when the Moon is in a good Aspect, and not afflicted by any evil Planet, these Figures must be engraven in the hour of the Moon when she is increasing: in the same hour they must be begun, and sinished; or essentially the whole labor is in vain.

Cancer.

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Cancer.





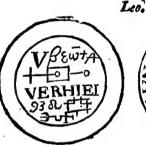
This Seal must be applied in the day and hour of the Moon, she decreasing; and is to be kept and worn very Clean. The Virtue thereof caufeth happy Journeys: it is very profitable to be worn against the Dropsie, and all Defects of the Body proceeding from moisture, or superfluous Fiegm.

Leo.

This Sigil of Leo is to be made with great diligence in July only, when the San is in his own House, to wit, Leo, about the 13 or 14 day of the same Month. It is to be made of pure Gold, melted and wrought into a Lamen, when the Sun enters the first degree of the Signe, and perfected before the end of the hour. Afterwards when Jupiter is in Pisces, the Signes are to be ingraven on one side thereof, as they are in the first Figure: And the other side is to be engraven when the Moon is in the House of Jupuer, that is, in Pisces. And note, that after the melting of the Seal, it must not be put again into the sire, else all things are in vain.

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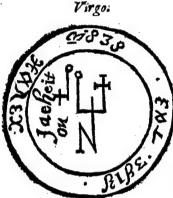
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Let it be applied in the day and hour of the Sun. It hath a most excellent virtue: it causeth great Favours to men and women that wear it: It is a very good Remedy against Quartain Fea-The Liquor is also good to be drunk, wherein it hath been infused all night. It is especially approved against Pestilence and all inward infection; and against all Diseases in the Eyes coming from heat, and from all other evil Heats and Rheums which we call flying Humors. It is good also against Burnings, the Seal being applied upon the place, certainly and furely draweth out the fire This way we cured the wife of one Mr. Nicholas Barber our Country-man, dwelling at a place called Villach in Transylvania; who had a very great Burning, which we Cured, and drew out the burning fo, that the burned place was healed without any fore, or tunning Matter, only by applying such a Sigil; which she wore upon the place until the end of the Cure.

Virgo.





The Seal of Virgo is made of 2 3 i. Of 0 3 fs. Of p 3 ii. 4 3 fs. These Metals ought to be all nelted together on Sunday about the 13 or 14 day of the Sun's ingress into Virgo: And after they are melted, to be reduced into a thin Lamen: afterwards in the hour of Mercury, when Mercury is well Aspested of the other Planets: let the Names and Characters be engraven upon the Lamen, so, that

they may be finished in the same hour. Let it be applied when Mercury is in the first House of Heaven, the air being clear and serene, (for then it is much better) and in the hour of Mercury, for then he ruleth the first House of Heaven; but if it cannot be, refer it to an hour of like nature, although the hour of Mercury is belt.

Libra.

This Sigil is to be made of pure φ , and to be melted, poured out and made when the Sun enters Libra, which sometimes happens on Sunday the 13 or 14 of September, according to the progress of the yeer: And this is to be noted, That when Venus is the ruling Planet, or Reservator of the yeer, the Sigil will be of much more virtue, especially if those wear it, who were born under the same Planet; and if it be made and prepared for them. When φ is in the sign Libra, the Signes, Characters, and Words which you see in the following Figure, are to be engraven in the Seal; afterwards in the day and hour of Venus, in the first or eighth hour, which Venus governs, let it be applied.







It is an admirable Remedy against all Bewitchings of Women, which hinder the act of generation, and especially in those whom they hate: In brief, this Sigil is most profitable and excellent

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excellent against all Maladies whatsoever; especially all griefs of the Secret Members.

Scorpio.

The Seal of Scorpio must be made of pure Iron in the day and hour of Mars, when the Sun enters Scorpio, which happens about the 12, 13, or 14 day of Ottober: And in the same hour let one side of the Lamen be engraven with his Characters. Afterwards, when the Sun is entered into Aries, let the other side be engraven. It may be applied at any time when you will.

Scorpio.



It is a most excellent Remedy against all Poyfon and Diseases thereby infected. It is excellent and admirable for Souldiers, Captains, and such as are in daily Controversies: Also, is such an Animal as follows be made of pure Iron, when Mars is Lord of the yeer, and the Sun enters the first degree of Scorpio; afterwards when L 4

Mars is in his own House in Aries, let it be engraven as follows. Then let it be applied in the hour of Mars: the House wherein it is hanged, it defendeth safe from all Scorpions; and all Serpents that are alive will flie out of it: it is a most excellent Remedy against all venemous bitings: mightily helpeth Souldiers in Fights: and is very good against the Leprosie to be worn, and the Patient to drink potable Gold.

Let it be engraven as this Figure.



Let there be affixed a Ring of pure Gold to the Tayle thereof, that it may be worn hanging about the Neck with the Head downwards. It is a certain Remedy to drive away all Flies from the Bed where it is hanged.

Sagittary.

This Sigil is to be made in the hour of the Suns ingress into Sagittary (which annually happens on the 12 or 13 day of November) on the first degree of the ingression: let it be signed in the hour of Jupiter, and applied in the same hour,

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hour, the Moon encreasing. This is the second Seal, that I knew after long search and enquiry; and which, according to the Art that I profess, I have often used to the shame and scorn of my Adversaries, that they have stood amazed like Asses, and durst not open their mouths. There must be a silver Ring to hang it in, and it must be

made of pure Tyrn?, without addition of any other Metal; and to be wore and kept very clean: But it must be lest off in the time of Copulation, or else it loseth its virtue.

We are again forced to complain of envious and perfidious men, who envying that in others, which they have not themselvs, leave nothing perfect; that it may the second time appear in this

SILOA H ACOS H A

Sagittary.



Book, that their strength and power is taken at way, as above is done concerning the signe Ge-

mini;

mini: By the Protestation of the same Author, in this Chapter, when he faith, That this is the second Seal which he esteemed to be most powerful in the Medicinal Art. The envious therefore labor in vain; for whether they will or no he will bring into light every thing that they have taken away out of the Books, of Theophrastus Paracelsus. For that Author before his death did prudently inclose those Books in divers places in Walls; so that if after his death, they were lost in one place, they might be preserved in another, for good men; lest that if any should come to the envious hands of wicked men, should be perpetually lost, or torn in pieces. Hereby they were preserved for us whole, that in due time the lives of wicked men, loving nothing but themselves, may appear out of darkness.

Capricorn.



Now we come to treat of Saturn and his progeny: this Seal is to be made of Gold; for Lead hath no operation with other Metals. There must

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be made a Ring of Copper; and together with the Seal, are both to be made in the hour when the Sun enters Capricorn, and is farthest distant from us; Let the Seal be engraven on the day and hour of Saturn, and when Saturn is in a good Aspect with some other Planet. It must be applied when the Moon is decreasing or diminished in light: but the hour of the Aspect, whether it be of the Moon or any other Planet, matters not. This Seal may vulgarly be called the Sigil of Favor. This Seal throughly heals the Itch or Scurff in the Thighes: Our Predecessors could not by Art sinde out the Cure of this Diseale, accounting it uncureable; when as this is the best way to Cure it, without any other means.

Aquary.



When the Sun enters Aquary in the Month of January, let the Seal be made in the same hour, of these Metals, being mixt and melted together: of Gold 3 is. Lead 3 ii. of Iron. 3 i. And when

the Planet Saturn is in the Ninth House of Heaven, let these Signes and Words be quickly engraven one after another; you shall not apply it till the Sam is under the Earth, and in the hour of Saturn; and then it is good, being hanged about the Neck, against Contractures, cold Diseases, and Sinewes shrunk: it is very prostrable to preserve the Memory, to get Favors amongst men, and very good against all Poyson, as may be proved by putting any venemous Spider upon the Sigil; it forthwith slieth away, and cannot possibly remain upon it.

Fifees.



The Seal of Pisces is to be made in February, when the Sun enters Pisces, of the following Metals.

Re of Gold, Iron, Copper, Silver, of each 3 ii. Of Tynne 3 is.

Let them be all melted together, and the Seal formed

Celestial Medicines. 1

formed and engraven the same hour of the Suns ingress; afterwards let it be applied when Jupiter is well placed in the eighth house of heaven, and in the day and hour of Jupiter. This is an admirable instrument to loose and expel Choler, of which do grow many grievous Diseases, as Contractures, the Palsie, shrinking of the Joynts, Burnings, &c. against which it gives wonderful help to men or women: it mitigates the pain of the Gour, takes away the Cramp, and all Griefs proceeding from Fluxes.

This Seal ought to hang down low upon the Navel.



Here

Here followes some more Common Secrets of Nature, of Paracellus.

Aving found a Conjunction of Saturn and Mars, take a piece of Iron, and frame a Mouse of it, before the Conjunction passeth over: and in the hour of Jupiter, engrave upon the Belly of the

Mouse these words: A L B O M A T A T O X. Afterwards, when the Moon is in the 9 or 10 degree of Cancer, on the right side engrave wndewweghts. Afterwards, the Moon descending, and is in the 9 or 10 degree of the signe Pisces, on the lest side engrave as solloweth: ITTIVITY, and upon the Back thereof, from the beginning of the Back-bone unto the Tayle, engrave this

word, with the Charaster as you fee IO .. NATURA SUA.

Note that from the figne of Venus unto the Centre of the other Character, a Line is to be drawn over-thwart. Then prepare a

Collary for this Mouse, of pure Lead, the Moon increasing,

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increasing, on the day of Saturn, and first hour of the night, which is the hour of Saturn; and engrave thereon these Characters, I L Con. 3. 4. AB. Ena. This being thus performed, fit the Collary in the Conjunction of Saturn with Mars as abovesaid, and place it about the Centre or middle of the House, all kinds of Mice will slie away that are in the house: and if afterwards any Mouse come therein, he will not stay there an hour. And if any quick Mouse be bound with a thred to this Metallick Mouse, he will not live above an hour, but will die, and swell, as if he had eaten Poyson.

Of Sheep.

That we may not only have some means to drive away and expel hurtful Creatures, but also that we may preserve the profitable; When Sheep are Corrupted with their Diseases, make a Sheep of Mudd as followeth:

Take Mudd, or Potters Clay, from three several places, much about the place where you live: Also, take Sand of arunning Water about that place where for the most part Sheep drink; beat shem all together when the Moon decreases: and of this Clay make the Image of a Sheep; under that hour wherein the Moon suffers her diminution: superscribe these solutions Signs with the Words here and there upon the Image.

EFERET.

IAGEREL. TURBER

Galette Panor, Sanor. Panor, Tanor.

Set this Sheep in the Sheep-fold fprinkled over with Salt, and let the living Sheep lick it: And as many as lick it, or taste of this Salt, shall not be infected, nor die with any Murrain or Rot of Sheep: And those that are infected, by licking thereof, shall be Cured.

The same means may be prepared for Oxen, Kine, and Hogs; and other Animals; every one being prepared according to their natures, day, and time. Oxen and Kine have a Disease in their Blood, which causeth the Murrain in them; as Hories somtimes suffer sudden death through a Disease in the Uvula, For the Blood, write upon an Egg new laid,

Gorelis 240 Vortix II-0

Open the Mouth of the Beast, and break the Egg upon his Tongue, and force him to swallow

Celestial Medicines. 19

ir, and it will forthwith heal it; but let him not drink in twelve hours afterwards.

The same is to be given to a Horse : onely this excepted, that in stead of this Word and sign, Ambrammoms, and the Cross above, let there

be writ this Word and Sign, Kupfamilon, and then let him twallow
it: afterwards give him a measure of
Oats with Salt and Vineger, and afterwars he shall be cured in twelve
hours: but presently after he hath eaten the
Oats, ride him an hour or two, that he may
sweat: then let him rest. These are the secrets
of Nature, which are effected by times, dayes

Against Flyes.

nothing can be effected.

and hours; and without the observation of these,

These Creatures do much infest men's houses in Summer-time, and do corrupt and putrishe meat: to drive them away, do thus; make a Coffin of steel, and upon the Cossin engrave these Signs which you see in the Figure following.

That Suffen . 250

And upon the Coffin, from the separation of the said Signs and Words, let there be engrasen three lines tending towards the Cuip: one in the new Moon, the second in the full Moon, and the

M third

158 Paracellus of, &c.

third in the new Moon again. Afterwards, under the Conjunction of Is and the D, write the words and figns following.

0-111-0

If you fix this upon the Wall of an House, and draw a Circle round about it with Chalk, about the compass of a round Table, ail Fiyes that are thereabouts will enter within the Circle, and there remain, until you take the Steel away; and then they will flie away, vexing men as at first.



FINIS.





An Election of time to be obferved in the transmutation of Metals.

That any time you shall defire to transmute and change any Metal into another kinde, as Gold into Silver, or rather Silver into Gold, or any other Metal; it is necessary, that you learn to elect a fir time for that purpose out of the Table following; whereby you shall easily, sooner, and without danger bring your Work to your desired end.

M 2

A



A Table shewing the fit time when to transmute Metals.

To change into O.	Begin when the win the hour of that Planet fixth Degree of the world change.	म्यू मुक्त
ъ.	O Twinty Degrees m of H	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Þ .	First Degree of N SC N S	0 A 04504 B
<i>∴</i> ;⊅•	in twelve De- grees of in twelve De- grees of III III III III III III III	00454FB

ç.

۲.	Ninih Degree of H In the Hour of H I	
& ∙	C C C C C C C C C C	
4.	The third De- gree of The third De- m m m m m p)));;;;;;;;

Take this one Example only, and so work by the rest: as, if you would change Luna into Sol, begin when the Meen is in six Degrees of Cancer, in the Hour of the Moon; and so observe of the rest, according to this Table: for the observation of the time is not to be held of a vain account in the transmutation of Metals; for all negotiations and actions in this world are most happily brought to perfection, which are begun with due respect to the Course and influences of the Celestial Bodies; for our mor-

mortal Bodies are ruled according to the operations of the superiour Bodies of the Firmament, and they are ordained for that purpose by Almighty God the Greator, and do bring unto us, both health, sickness, infirmities, and health again: and in like manner the times are to be noted, and duly observed in Medicinal Operations, that their virtues may work the more powerful effects.



FINIS.



Reader, these Books following are printed by Nath: Brooke, and are to be sold at his shop, at the Angel in Cornhil.

That excellent piece of Physiognomy and Chiromancy, Metoposcopie, the Symmetrical Proportions and signal Moles of the Body; the subject of Dreams: to which is added, The Art of Memory, By Ri. Sanders. Fol.

Chiromancy: or, the Art of divining by the Lines ingraven in the hand of Man by Dame Nature; in 19 Genitures: with a learned Discourse of the Soul of the World. By Geo. Wharton Esq.

Fons Lachrymarum: or, a Fountain of Tears, with an Elegu upon Sir Ch. Lucas. By J. Quarte. 8.

Historical Relation of the first planting of the English in New England in the yeer 1628, to the yeer 1653, and all the material passages happening there. Exactly performed.

That compleat piece called The exact Surveyor of Land, shewing how to plot all manner of Grounds, and to reduce and divide the same. Also, Irish Measure reduced to English Statute-Measure: useful for all that either sell or putchase. By J. E.

Milk for Children: or, a plain and easie Method teaching to Read and to Write, with brief Rules for School-Masters to instruct their Schoolars in, and Masters to instruct their Families in. By Dr. Thomas.

Cultepers Physical and Chyrurgical Remains, of his own admired experience, never published before now by his Wife, being his last Legacies.

Cu!-

Culpepers Semiotica, or his Astrological Judgement of Diseases, much enlarged from the discumbiture of the sick, which way to hade out the cause, change, and end of the Disease. Allo whether the sick be likely to live or die: with the signs of life and death by the body of the sick party, according to the Judgement of Hippocrates. With a Treatile of Urines, by N. Culp.

Cornelius Agrippa his fourth Book of Occult Philosophy, or Geomincy. Magical Elements of Peter de Abano, the Nature of Spirits: made

English by R. Turner.

The Queens Closet opened. Incomparable secrets in Physick, Chyrurgery; preserving, candying, and cooking, as they were presented to the Queen, transcribed from the true Copies of her Majesties own Receipt-Books. By W. M. one of her late Servants.

The Conveyancers Light, or the Compleat Clerk & Scriveners Guide, being an exact draught of all Presidents and Assurances now in use. By divers learned Judges, eminent Lawyers, and great Conveyancers, both ancient and modern: whereunto is added a Concordance from K. Rich. 3. to this present.

A Satyr against Hypocrites.

Wits Interpreter, the English Parnassus, or a sure Guide to those admirable Accomplishments that compleat our English Gentry in the most acceptable qualifications of Dicourse or Writing: Also, the whole Mystery of those pleasing Witchcrafts of Elequence and Love are made easie, in the Art of Reasoning, Theatre of Courtship, Labyrinth of Fancies, Love-Songs, Drollery; The persect Inditer of Letters, Alamode, By J.C. FINIS.

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